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# PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

*CS1602G-D-FSXTDRN-101*

*V1.0*

February 17, 2009

 Eastertronic LCD Group

## REVISION RECORD

REV	Description	Date
V1.0	First Release	Feb 17, 2009



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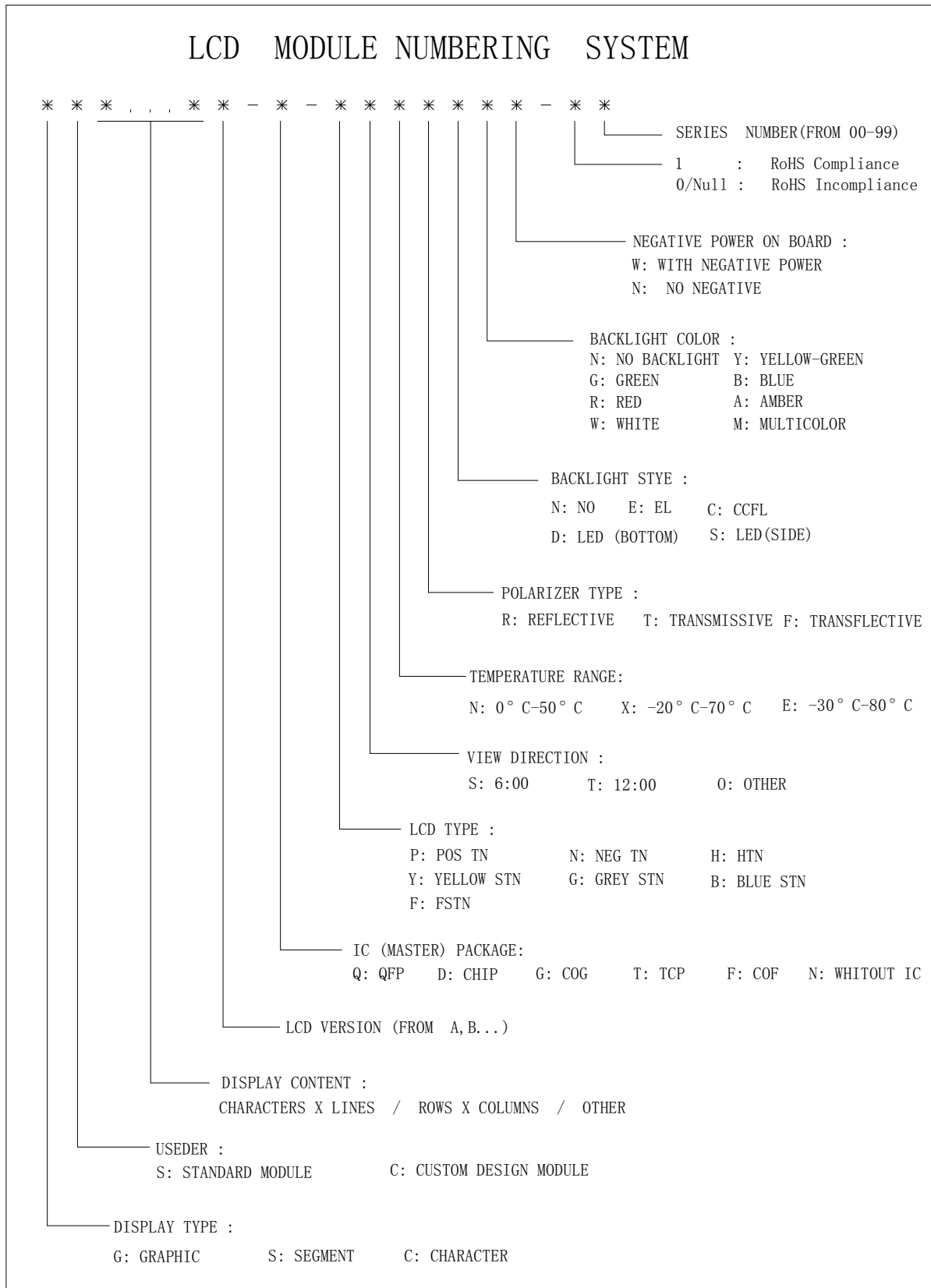
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## 1. Type Number And Description

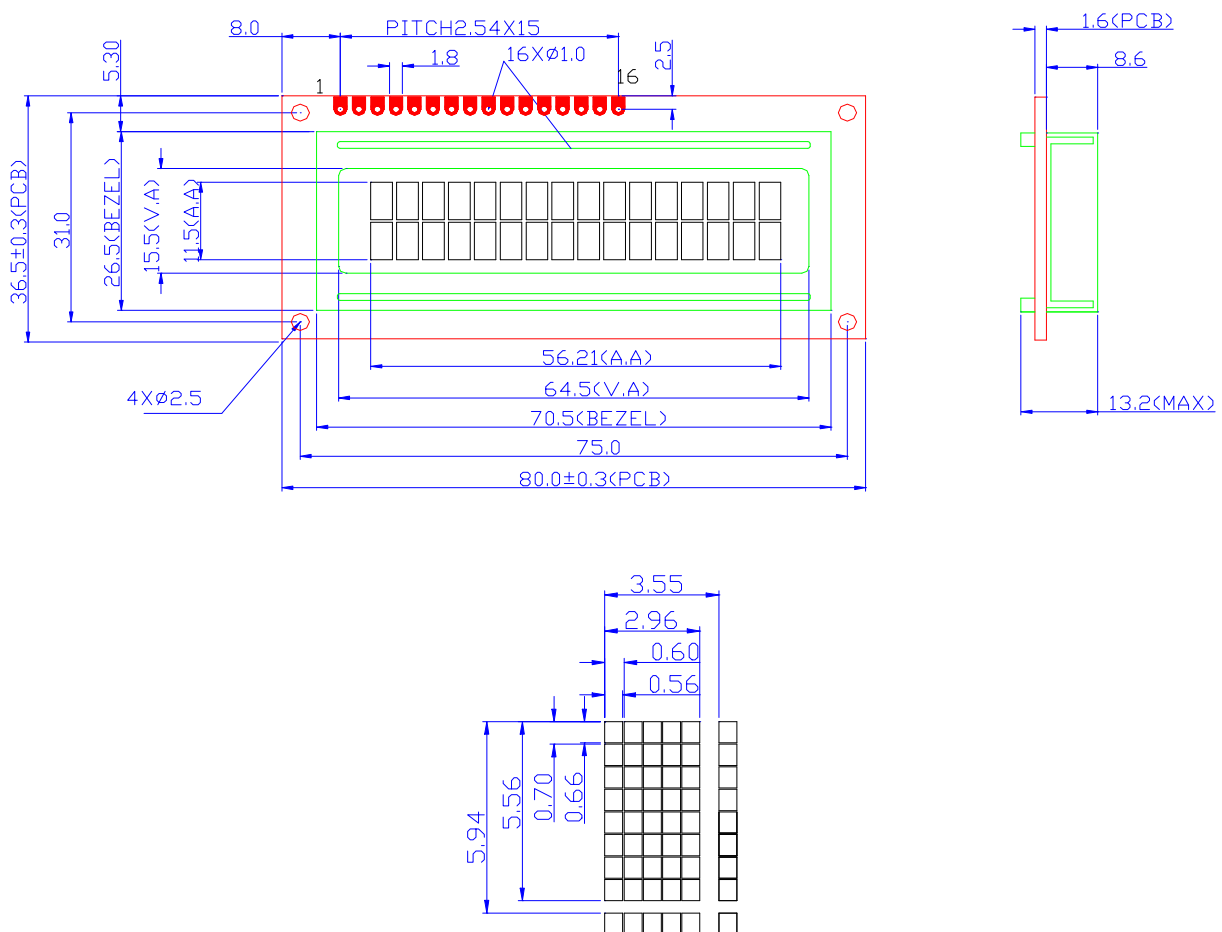
Type Number	:	CS1602G-D-FSXTDRN-101
Description	:	16 Characters X 2 Lines
LCD Panel	:	FSTN, Negative, Transmissive
Viewing angle	:	6H
Duty	:	1/16
Bias	:	1/5
Operating Temperature:		-20°C – 70°C
Storage Temperature	:	-30°C – 80°C
Controller	:	ST7066U-OA Or Equivalent
IC package	:	Bonding
BackLight	:	Red LED, Bottom

## 2. LCD Module Numbering System



### 3. Mechanical Specifications

ITEM	STANDARD VALUE	UNIT
NUMBER OF CHARACTERS	16 CHARACTERS X 2 LINES	
CHARACTER FORMAT	5 X 8DOTS	
MODULE DIMENSION	80.0(W) x 36.0(H) x 13.2(T)	mm
EFFECTTVE DISPLAY AREA	64.5 (W) x 15.5(H)	mm
CHARACTER SIZE	2.96(W) x 5.56(H)	mm
CHARACTER PITCH	3.55 (W) x 5.94(H)	mm
DOT SIZE	0.56(W) x 0.66(H)	mm
DOT PITCH	0.6(W) x 0.7(H)	mm
APPROX WEIGHT	TBD	g
LCD TYPE	FSTN, TRANSMISSIVE	
DUTY AND BIAS	1/16 DUTY; 1/5 BIAS	
VIEWING DIRECTION	6:00	
BACK LIGHT	Red LED,Bottom	



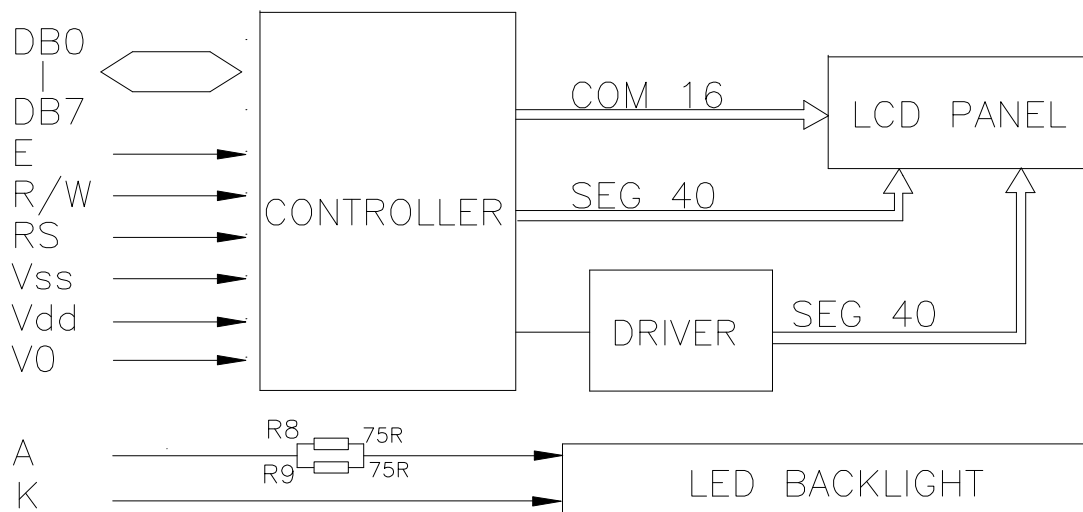
\* Remark : General tolerance refers this model. ( $\pm 0.2\text{mm}$ )

## 4. Electrical Block Diagram

### 4.1 Pin Definition

PIN	SYMBOL	FUNCTION
1	Vss	Power Supply(GND)
2	Vdd	Power Supply(+5V)
3	Vo	Contrast Adjust
4	RS	Instruction/Data Register Select
5	R/W	Data Read/Write
6	E	Enable Signal
7-14	DB0-DB7	Data Bus Line
15	K	Power Supply For LED BL(-)
16	A	Power Supply For LED BL(+)

### 4.2 Electrical Block Diagram



### 4.3 Display Character Address Code

DISPLAY POSITION	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
DDRAM ADDRESS	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	0A	0B	0C	0D	0E	0F
	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	4A	4B	4C	4D	4E	4F

## 5. Absolute Maximum Ratings

### 5.1 Electrical Maximum Ratings(Ta=25deg C)

ITEM	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Supply Voltage (Logic)	Vdd – Vss	-	0	7.0	V
Supply Voltage (LCD Drive)	Vdd – V0	-	0	11.5	V
Input Voltage	Vi	-	-0.3	Vdd +0.3	V

### 5.2 Environmental Conditions

ITEM	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Operating Temp	Topr	Dry	-20	70	deg C
Storage Temp	Ttsg	Dry	-30	80	deg C

## 6. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

### 6.1 Electrical Characteristics at Ta=25 deg C, Vdd = 5V + / - 5%

ITEM	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Supply Voltage (logic)	Vdd-Vss	-	4.5	5	5.5	V
Supply Voltage (LCD)	Vdd-V0	Vdd = 5V	4.3	4.7	5.0	V
Input signal voltage (for E, DB0-7,R/W,RS)	V-ih	"H" level	0.7Vdd	-	Vdd	V
	V-il	"L" level	0	-	0.6	V
Supply Current (logic)	Icc	-	0.9	1	1.2	mA
Supply Current (LCD)	Io	-	0.15	0.22	0.27	mA
Supply Voltage (LED )	V-LED	-	3.0	3.4	3.8	V
Supply Current (LED )	If	-	-	60	200	mA

### 6.2 Timing Specifications at Ta = 25 deg C, Vdd = 5V+/-10%, Vss =0V

#### 6.2.1 Write mode

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	UNIT
E cycle time	tc	1200	-	ns
E rise time	tR	-	25	ns
E fall time	tF	-	25	ns



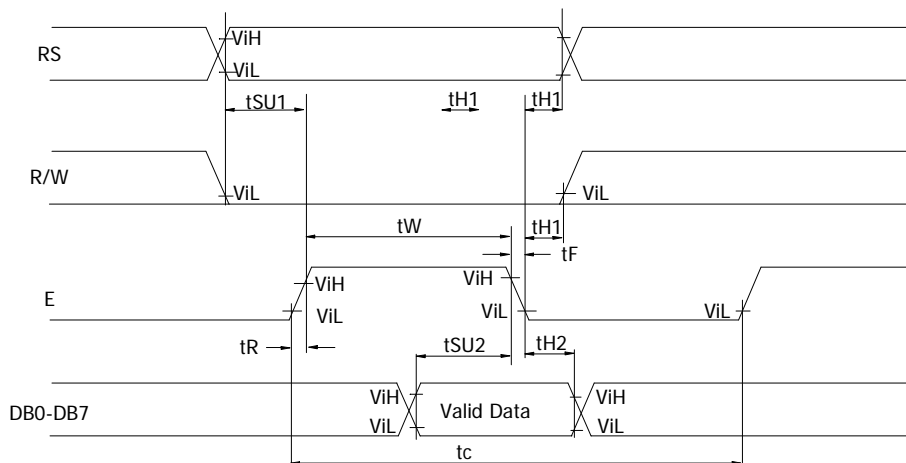
E-pulse width (H, L)	tw	140	-	ns
R/W and RS set-up time	tsu1	0	-	ns
R/W and RS hold time	tH1	10	-	ns
Data set-up time	tsu2	40	-	ns
Data hold time	tH2	10	-	ns

### 6.2.2 Read mode

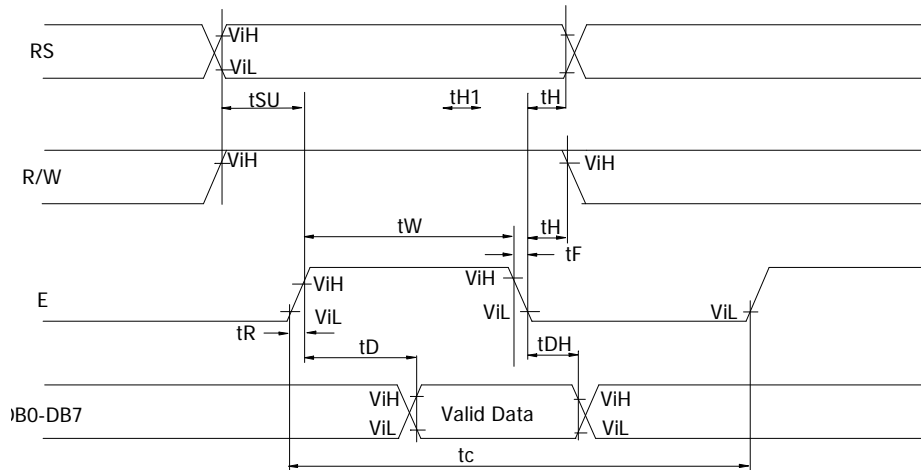
ITEM	SYBOL	MIN	MAX	UNIT
E cycle time	tc	1200	-	ns
E rise time	tR	-	25	ns
E fall time	tF	-	25	ns
E-pulse width (H, L)	tw	140	-	ns
R/W and RS set-up time	tsu	0	-	ns
R/W and RS hold time	tH	10	-	ns
Data output delay	tD	-	120	ns
Data hold time	tDH	20	-	ns

### 6.2.3 Timing Diagram

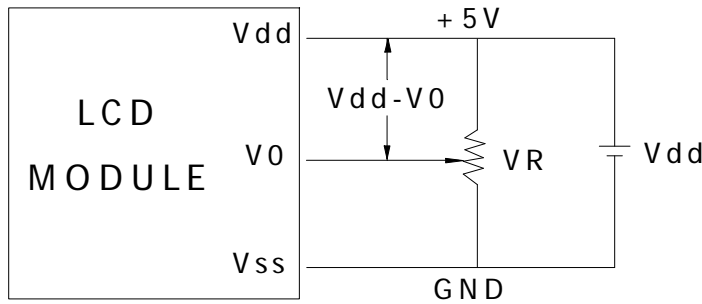
WRITE MODE TIMING DIAGRAM



READ MODE TIMING DIAGRAM



### 7. Power Supply For LCD Module



Vdd-V0: LCD Driving Voltage  
 VR: 10K - 20K

### 8. Electro-Optical Characteristic

ITEM	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	REF.
Contrast	CR	25°C	--	12	--		Note1
Rise Time	tr	25°C	--	160	240	ms	Note2
Fall Time	tf	25°C	--	100	150	ms	note 2
Viewing Angle	$\theta 1 - \theta 2$	25°C	--	--	60	DEG	Note 3
	$\varnothing 1, \varnothing 2$		-40	--	40		
Frame Frequency	Ff	25°C	--	70	--	Hz	note 2

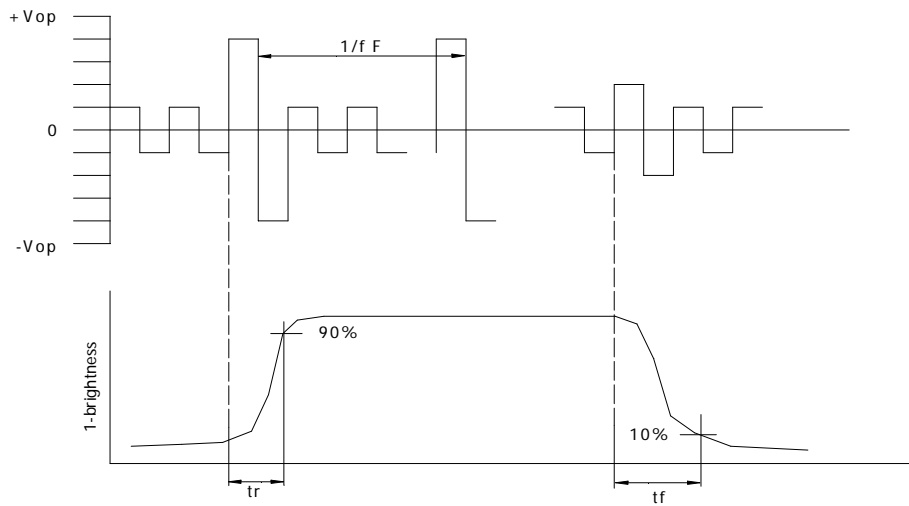
Note(1): Contrast ratio is defined under the following condition:

CR=  $\frac{\text{brightness of selected condition}}{\text{brightness of non-selected condition}}$

- (a). Temperature-----25C
- (b). Frame Frequency-----64Hz

- (c). Viewing angle-----  $\theta = 0, \phi = 0$
- (d). Operating Voltage---4.7V

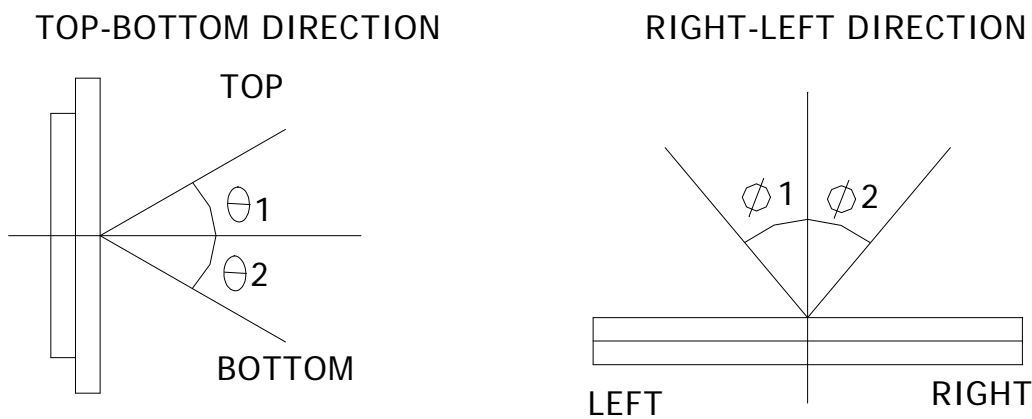
Note(2): definition of response time:



Condition:

- (a). Temperature-----25C
- (b). Frame Frequency-----64Hz
- (c). Viewing angle-----  $\theta = 0, \phi = 0$
- (d). Operating Voltage---4.7V

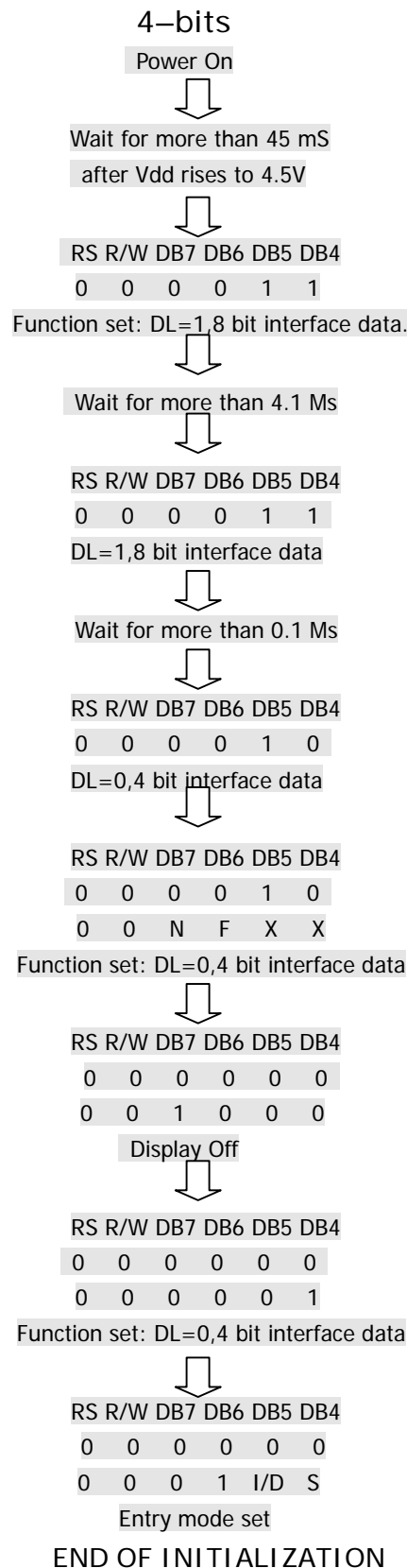
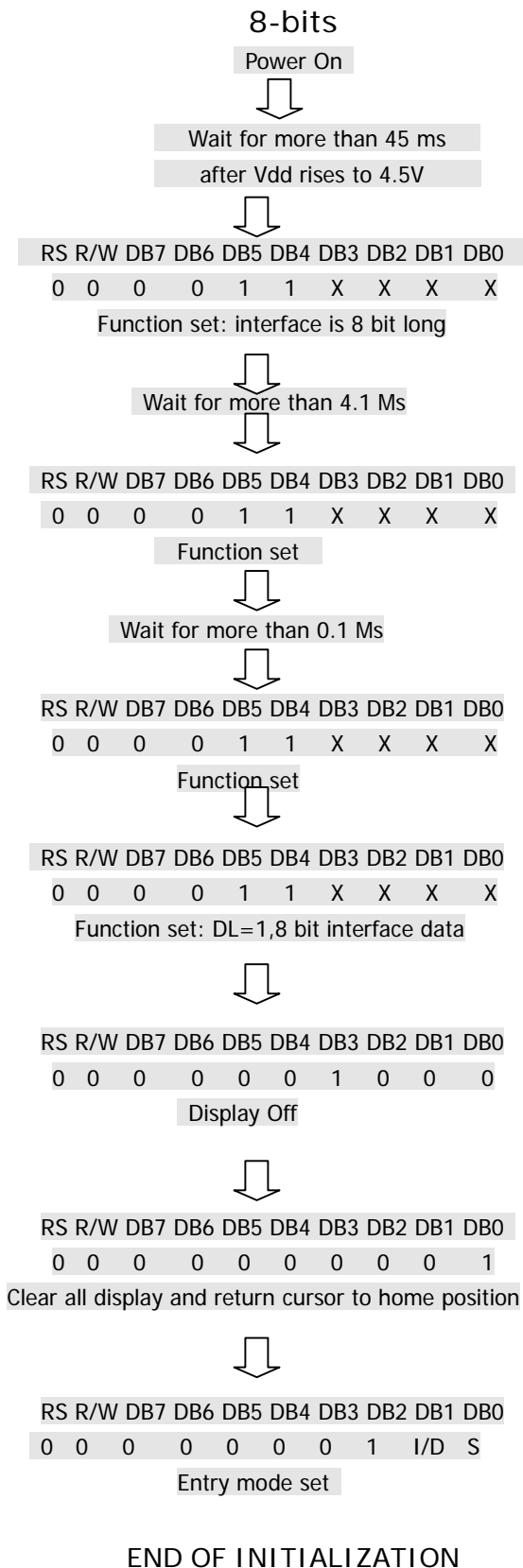
Note(3): definition of view angle:



## 9. Instruction Table

Function	R	R	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	Description	Execu Time* (Max)			
		S	M	B	B	B	B	B	B					
			7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
Clear Display	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	Clears entire display and returns the cursor to home position (address 0)	1.64mS		
Return Home	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	X	Return the cursor to the home position. DD RAM contents remain unchanged. Set DD RAM address to zero.	1.64mS	
Entry mode set	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	S	Set cursor moving direction and enable the shift of the display. These operations are performed during data write/read of DD RAM/CG RAM. 1/D=1: increment; 1/D=0: decrement; S=1: whole display shift when data is written.	40 μ S	
Display ON/OFF control	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	D	C	B	Set display (D), cursor (C) and blinking of cursor (B) ON/OFF. D=1: display ON; D=0: display OFF. C=1: Cursor ON; C=0: cursor OFF. B=1: Blink ON; B=0, Blink OFF.	40 μ S	
Cursor or Display shift	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	S	R	X	X	Move the cursor and shift the display without changing DDRAM contents. S/C=1: Display Shift; S/C=0: Cursor move. R/L=1: shift to right; R/L=0: shift to left.	40 μ S	
Function Set	0	0	0	0	1	D	N	F	X	X		Set interface data length (DL), number of display lines (N) and character font (F). DL=1: 8 bits; DL=0: 4 bits. N=1: 2 lines; N=0: 1 lines. F=1: 5X11 dots; F=0: 5X7 dots.	40 μ S	
Set CG RAM add	0	0	0	1							ACG	Set CG RAM address. CG RAM data is sent and received after this setting.	40 μ S	
Set DD RAM Add	0	0	1								ADD	Set DD RAM address. DD RAM data is sent and received after this setting.	40 μ S	
Read BF & Addr	0	1	B								AC	Read BUSY FLAG (BF) and the contents of the address counter. BF=1: internal operation; BF=0: can accept instruction.	0 μ S	
Write Data to RAM	1	0										WRITE DATA	Write data into DD RAM or CG RAM.	40 μ S**
Read Data from RAM	1	0										READ DATA	Read data from DD RAM or CG RAM.	40 μ S**

## 10. Initialization By Instruction



## 11. Software Examples

### 8-BIT OPERATION 8 characters X 2 lines

Function	RS RW D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0	DISPLAY	DESCRIPTION
Power on delay			Initialization. No display appears.
Function set	0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 X X		Sets 8-bit operation, 2-line display and 5*7 dots character font.
Display OFF	0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0		Turn off display.
Display ON	0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0		Turn on display and cursor.
Entry Mode set	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0		Set mode to increment the address by one and to shift the cursor to the right, at the time of write to the DD/CG RAM. Display is not shifted.
Write data to CG/DD RAM	1 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 1	O	Write "O". Cursor incremented by one and shift to right.
Write data to CG/DD RAM	1 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 0	OR	Write "R". Cursor incremented by one and shift to right
Write data to CG/DD RAM	. . . . .	ORIENT	Write "I" "E" "N" "T".
Set DDRAM address	0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0	ORIENT	Set RAM address so that the cursor is positioned at the head of the Second line
Write data to CG/DD RAM	. . . . .	ORIENT DS	Write "D" "S".
Cursor or display shift	0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 X X	ORIENT DS	Shift only the cursor position to the left.
Write data to CG/DD RAM	. . . . .	ORIENT DISPLAY	Write "I" "S" "P" "L" "A" "Y"

### 4-bit operation (4-bits 1 line)

Function	RS RW D7 D6 D5 D4	Display	Description
power on delay			Initialization. No display appears.
Frnction set	0 0 0 0 1 0		Sets to 4-bit operation. In this case, operation is handled as 8-bits by initialization, and Only this instruction completes with one write.
Frnction set	0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 X X		Sets 4-bit operation, 1-line display and 5*7 dot character font. (number of display lines and character fontscannot be changed hence after.)
Display ON/OFF Control	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0		Turn on display and cursor.
Entry Mode Set	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0		Turn on display and cursor.
Write data to CG/DD/ARM	1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 1 1 1		Write "O". Curaor incrementer by one and shift to right.
same as 8-bit operation			

## 12. Quality units

### 12.1 Purpose

This standard for quality assurance should define the quality of LCD module products to customer by EASTERNTRONIC LCD GROUP.

### 12.2 Scope

This document defines general provisions as well as inspection standards for LCD module supplied by EASTERNTRONIC LCD GROUP, except for those with special requirements from customer.

### 12.3 Definition

#### 12.3.1 Definition of area

A Zone: Active area.

B Zone: Viewing area

C Zone: Outside viewing area.



#### 12.3.2 Definition of size

Large size(L): 1~6 pcs LCD screens are cut out of from each 14"×16" mother glass.

Middle size(M): 7~50 pcs LCD screens are cut out of from each 14"×16" mother glass.

Small size(S): more than 50 pcs LCD screens are cut out of from each 14"×16" mother glass.

## 12.4 Quality Specification

### 12.4.1 Conditions of Cosmetic Inspection

12.4.1 Test should be conducted under the following conditions:

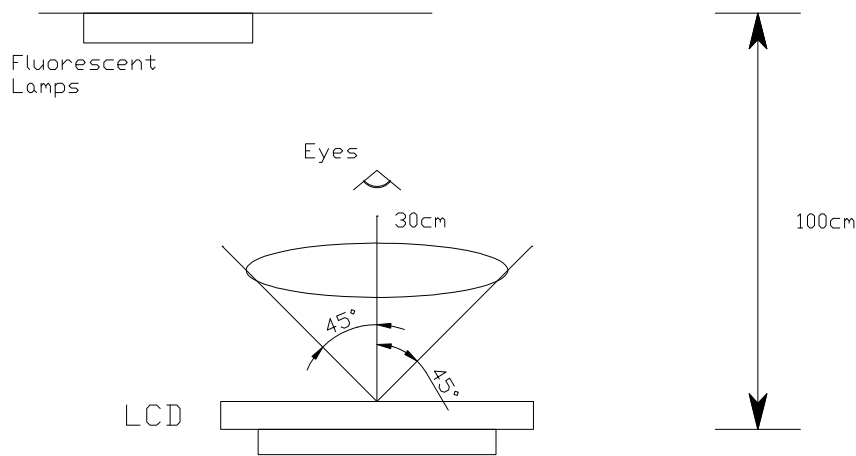
Ambient temperature : $22 \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

Ambient humidity:  $65 \pm 20\% \text{RH}$

Ambient Luminance: 40-watt fluorescent lamp.

An appearance test should be conducted by human sight at approximately 30 cm distance

from the LCD module under fluorescent light. Distance between LCD and fluorescent lamps should be 100 cm or more. Viewing direction for inspection is 45° from vertical against LCD.



12.4.1.2 When test the model of transmissive product must add the reflective plate.

### 12.4.2 Sampling plan

Unless otherwise agreed in writing, the sampling inspection shall be applied to the incoming inspection of customer.

- Lot size: Quantity of shipment lot per model
- Sampling type: Normal inspection, single sampling
- Sampling Level: Level II
- Sampling table: GB/T2828.1.1 (GB-national standard of China)

### 12.4.3 Classification of defects and Acceptable quality level

Defects are classified as either a major or minor defect defined as follows:

- Major defect: It is a defect that is likely to result in failure or to reduce materially the usability of the product for the intended function.
- Minor defect: It is a defect that will not result in a functioning problem with deviation classification.

The AQL for major and minor defects is defined as follows:

Partition	Definition	AQL
Major defect	Functional defective as product	0.4
Minor defect	Satisfy all functions as product but not satisfy cosmetic standard	1.0



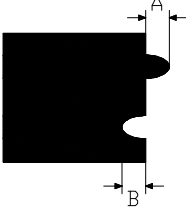
#### 12.4.4 Applicable instrument

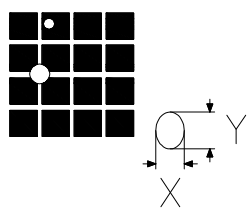
- LCD module tester
- Multimeter
- Caliper
- Defect size filming standard

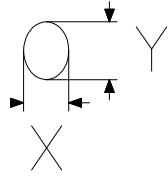
#### 12.4.5 Inspection quality criterion

##### 12.4.5.1 LCD panel part

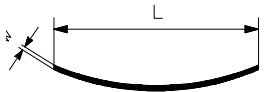
The inspection specification as following list:

Classify	Item	Description of defects	Inspection criterion		Drawing specification
Major defect	1.Non-display	Product no function	Not accept		
	2.LCD with wrong view direction`	Difference in Spec.	Not accept		
	3.Segment missing	Part or all pattern do not light up	Not accept		
	4.Occur high current	Current exceed designed value	Not accept		
	5. LC leakage	LC does not fulfill the glass cell	Not accept		
	6.Deviation from drawing	LCM Dimension difference from drawing and over tolerance	According to dimensions noted in the specification		
	7.Wrong type applied	Wrong polarizer attachment	Not accept		
		Pin attached wrong type applied	Not accept		
8.Incorrect pins quality	Pin attached wrong quantity applied	Not accept			
Minor defect	9.Pattern deformation	Segment fatter or smaller	Dimension (mm)	Acceptable number	
			$A \leq 0.1$	Not count (Should not be connected to next dot)	

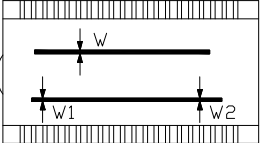
			<p>0.10&lt;A≤0.15</p> <p>1 pc / dot(only segment)or less 2 pcs / cell or less (Should not be connected to next dot)</p>	
			<p>B ≤ 0.10</p> <p>Not count</p>	
Minor defect	10.Pinholes	Black spot/white spot at activated state	<p>1. large size LCD Accept if can't be found at 1m distance and will not enlarge under electronic test</p> <p>2. Middle size LCD Diameter(mm) Accept QTY  <math>\Phi \leq 0.15</math> Not count  <math>0.15 &lt; \Phi \leq 0.25</math> 3  <math>0.25 &lt; \Phi \leq 0.35</math> 1  <math>\Phi &gt; 0.35</math> 0</p> <p>3. Small size LCD Diameter(mm) Accept QTY  <math>\Phi \leq 0.15</math> Not count  <math>0.15 &lt; \Phi \leq 0.25</math> 2  <math>0.25 &lt; \Phi \leq 0.30</math> 1  <math>\Phi &gt; 0.30</math> 0</p> <p>4. For the dot pattern: accept if the area of defect is less than or equal to half of one lattice's</p> <p>5. Only allow one defect in one segment</p> <p>6. The nearest distance allowed between two pinholes is 20mm</p> <p><b>Remarks:</b> Regarding the product in negative type (including TN, STN and FSTN), with normal driving voltage, the white dot size should be less or equal 0.2mm( <math>\Phi \leq 0.2</math>). If the driving voltage is lower 0.3V than the normal voltage, it should</p>	 <p><math>\Phi = (X+Y)/2</math></p>

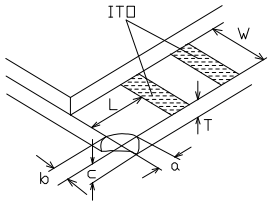
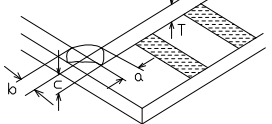
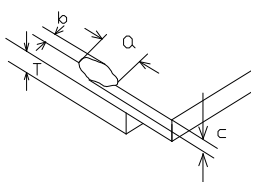
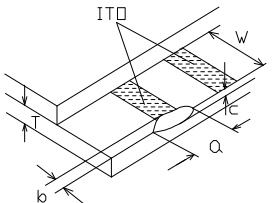
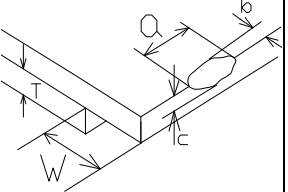

			be abnormal voltage , it can not judge the white dot base on abnormal voltage.																															
	11.Blemishes and foreign matters	Black spot/dust on LCD(non-display )	<p><b>Positive panel:</b></p> <p><b>1.A zone</b></p> <p>- Large size LCD Accept if can't find at 1m distance and will not enlarge under electronic test:</p> <p>-Middle size LCD Diameter(mm) Accept QTY</p> <table> <tr> <td><math>\Phi \leq 0.15</math></td> <td>Not count</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>0.15 &lt; \Phi \leq 0.25</math></td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>0.25 &lt; \Phi \leq 0.35</math></td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>\Phi &gt; 0.35</math></td> <td>0</td> </tr> </table> <p>-Small size LCD Diameter(mm) Accept QTY</p> <table> <tr> <td><math>\Phi \leq 0.15</math></td> <td>Not count</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>0.15 &lt; \Phi \leq 0.25</math></td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>0.25 &lt; \Phi \leq 0.30</math></td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>\Phi &gt; 0.30</math></td> <td>0</td> </tr> </table> <p><b>2.B zone</b> 1.5 times of acceptable largest diameter size of Zone A</p> <p><b>3.C zone</b> Notcount.</p> <p><b>Negative panel:</b></p> <p><b>1. A zone</b></p> <p>-Large size LCD Diameter(mm) Accept QTY</p> <table> <tr> <td><math>\Phi \leq 0.15</math></td> <td>Not count</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>0.15 &lt; \Phi \leq 0.30</math></td> <td>4</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>0.30 &lt; \Phi \leq 0.50</math></td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>\Phi &gt; 0.50</math></td> <td>0</td> </tr> </table> <p>-Middle&amp;small size LCD Diameter(mm) Accept QTY</p> <table> <tr> <td><math>\Phi \leq 0.15</math></td> <td>Not count</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>0.15 &lt; \Phi \leq 0.25</math></td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>\Phi &gt; 0.25</math></td> <td>0</td> </tr> </table> <p><b>2. B zone</b> 1.5 times of acceptable</p>	$\Phi \leq 0.15$	Not count	$0.15 < \Phi \leq 0.25$	3	$0.25 < \Phi \leq 0.35$	1	$\Phi > 0.35$	0	$\Phi \leq 0.15$	Not count	$0.15 < \Phi \leq 0.25$	2	$0.25 < \Phi \leq 0.30$	1	$\Phi > 0.30$	0	$\Phi \leq 0.15$	Not count	$0.15 < \Phi \leq 0.30$	4	$0.30 < \Phi \leq 0.50$	1	$\Phi > 0.50$	0	$\Phi \leq 0.15$	Not count	$0.15 < \Phi \leq 0.25$	3	$\Phi > 0.25$	0	 <p><math>\Phi = (X+Y)/2</math></p>
$\Phi \leq 0.15$	Not count																																	
$0.15 < \Phi \leq 0.25$	3																																	
$0.25 < \Phi \leq 0.35$	1																																	
$\Phi > 0.35$	0																																	
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$0.15 < \Phi \leq 0.25$	2																																	
$0.25 < \Phi \leq 0.30$	1																																	
$\Phi > 0.30$	0																																	
$\Phi \leq 0.15$	Not count																																	
$0.15 < \Phi \leq 0.30$	4																																	
$0.30 < \Phi \leq 0.50$	1																																	
$\Phi > 0.50$	0																																	
$\Phi \leq 0.15$	Not count																																	
$0.15 < \Phi \leq 0.25$	3																																	
$\Phi > 0.25$	0																																	

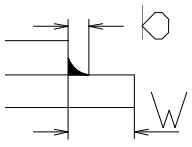
			<p>largest diameter size of Zone A</p> <p><b>3.C zone</b></p> <p>No count</p> <p>The nearest distance allowed between two black spot is 20mm</p>	
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	12.Black lines and scratches	Scratch on glass or polarizer surface.And foreign linear matters in LCD	<p><b>Positive panel:</b></p> <p><b>1.A zone</b></p> <p>- Large size LCD Accept if can't find at 1m distance and will not enlarge under electronic test.</p> <p>-Middle size LCD Diameter(mm) Accept QTY  <math>W \leq 0.02</math> Not count  <math>0.02 &lt; W \leq 0.03, L \leq 4</math> 2  <math>0.03 &lt; W \leq 0.05, L \leq 3</math> 2  <math>0.02 &lt; W \leq 0.03, L &gt; 4</math> 0  <math>0.03 &lt; W \leq 0.05, L &gt; 3</math> 0  <math>W &gt; 0.05</math> As the spot criteria.</p> <p>-Small size LCD Diameter(mm) Accept QTY  <math>W \leq 0.02</math> Not count  <math>0.02 &lt; W \leq 0.03, L \leq 4</math> 2  <math>0.03 &lt; W \leq 0.05, L \leq 2</math> 1  <math>0.02 &lt; W \leq 0.03, L &gt; 4</math> 0  <math>0.03 &lt; W \leq 0.05, L &gt; 2</math> 0  <math>W &gt; 0.05</math> As the spot criteria.</p> <p><b>2.B zone</b></p> <p>1.5 times of acceptable largest diameter size of Zone A</p> <p><b>3.C zone</b></p> <p>Notcount.</p> <p><b>Negative panel:</b></p> <p><b>1. A zone</b></p> <p>-Large size LCD</p>	
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			<p>Diameter(mm) Accept QTY</p> <p>W ≤ 0.02 Not count</p> <p>0.02 &lt; W ≤ 0.03, L ≤ 5 3</p> <p>0.03 &lt; W ≤ 0.05, L ≤ 4 2</p> <p>0.02 &lt; W ≤ 0.03, L &gt; 5 0</p> <p>0.03 &lt; W ≤ 0.05, L &gt; 4 0</p> <p>W &gt; 0.05 As the spot criteria.</p> <p>-Middle size LCD</p> <p>Diameter(mm) Accept QTY</p> <p>W ≤ 0.02 Not count</p> <p>0.02 &lt; W ≤ 0.03, L ≤ 4 2</p> <p>0.03 &lt; W ≤ 0.05, L ≤ 2 2</p> <p>0.02 &lt; W ≤ 0.03, L &gt; 3 0</p> <p>0.03 &lt; W ≤ 0.05, L &gt; 2 0</p> <p>W &gt; 0.05 As the spot criteria.</p> <p>-Small size LCD</p> <p>Diameter(mm) Accept QTY</p> <p>W ≤ 0.02 Not count</p> <p>0.02 &lt; W ≤ 0.03, L ≤ 3 2</p> <p>0.03 &lt; W ≤ 0.05, L ≤ 3 1</p> <p>0.02 &lt; W ≤ 0.03, L &gt; 3 0</p> <p>0.03 &lt; W ≤ 0.05, L &gt; 2 0</p> <p>W &gt; 0.05 As the spot criteria.</p> <p><b>2. B zone</b></p> <p>1.5 times of acceptable largest diameter size of Zone A</p> <p><b>3.C zone</b></p> <p>Not count</p> <p>The nearest distance allowed between two defects is 20mm</p>	
Mintor defect	13. Scratch on PI coating	PI coating scratched	The visible scratch of A zone can not be accepted at 30cm view distance.	
Mintor defect	14. Rainbow	Arches, circular or parallel colorful spread	According to the limit specimen	

Mintor defect	15. Bubbles or wrinkles in polarizer	Bubbles or wrinkles between polarizer and glass	A zone:The visible defect can not be accepted at 30cm view distance. B zone: Not count			
Mintor defect	16. Position of polarzer attachment	Wrong polarizer attachment in position or dimension	Polarizer protruding from edge of glass and exceeding/within the maximum external dimension of LCD			
Mintor defect	17. Ink printing defect	17.1 Ink line/pattern broken	Not accept			
		17.2 Ink pattern/line jagged	Accept if the thick or thin part is less than equal to 25% segment width, or according to the limit specimen			
		17.3 Light leakage	When activated with current white light appears in the position of pinhole or scratch due to ink printing misalignment.According to the pinhole specification.			
		17.4 Ink printing pattern/line uneven	Reject if the thick or thin in more than 1/2W. Reject when $W1-W2 \leq 1/3W$			
						
Mintor defect	18. Pin defect	18.1 Corrosion or foreign material on terminal legs	Pin incoming defect: oxidized,damage(including pins plating damaged),excess epoxy on bottom glass or terminal legs.Not accept.			
		18.2 Pin deviation over tolerance	According to the specification			
Mintor defect	19. Chipped glass on comer	19.1 Chip in lead contact area.	a	b	c	accept QTY
			$a \leq 5mm$	$b \leq W$	$c \leq T$	3
			$L > 5m$			
			$a < L$	$b \leq W$	$c \leq T$	3
			$L < 5m$			

			m					
		19.2 Others	Not exceed 1/2 width of seal		$c \leq T$	3		
Mintor defect	20. Glass chip on edge		a	b	c	accept QTY		
			$a \leq 5\text{mm}$	Not exceed 1/2 width of seal	$c \leq T$	3		
Mintor defect	21. Clipped electrode pad	21.1 Glass chip on ITO edge	a	b	c	accept QTY		
			$a \leq 4\text{mm}$ (and not exceed 4 ITO terminal)	$b \leq W/4$	$c \leq T$	3		
		21.2 Glass chip on ITO back	a	b	c	accept QTY		
			$a \leq 5\text{mm}$	$b \leq W/3$	$c \leq T$	3		
Mintor defect	22. Mechanical	Extended crack inspector shall	b		accept QTY			

	damage	attempt to remove the chip with tweezers, re-evaluate if the remaining defect is still a crack or a chip	$b \leq W/4$	2	
Mintor defect	23. Glass cracks		Not accept		

Remark:

The minimum space between any 2 defects (spot, dirt) should be more than 20mm, and max. allowed defect QTY in total:

Large size LCD: Zone A  $\leq 5$ /unit, Zone B  $\leq 5$ /unit;

Middle size LCD: Zone A  $\leq 3$ /unit, Zone B  $\leq 3$ /unit;

Small size LCD: Zone A  $\leq 2$ /unit, Zone B  $\leq 2$ /unit;



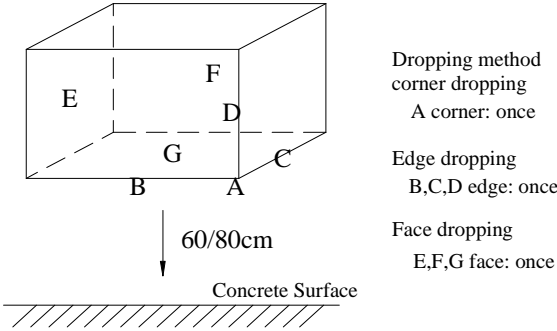
## 12.4.5.2 Other part

The inspection specification as following list:

NO.	Items	Criterion of defects	AQL
1	Backlight	1. Lumination source flickers. 2. Using spot, lines and contamination standard of LCD to judge the spots or scratches defect on backlight. 3. Not allow unlighted on backlight. 4. Colour and luminance of backlight should correspond its specification.	Major Minor Major Major
2	PCB,COB	1.COB seal may not have pinholes larger than0.2mm or contamination. 2.COB seal surface may not have pinholes through to the IC. 3. The height of COB should not exceed the height indicated in the assembly diagram. 4. Beyond 2mm of the seal area, there may not have sealant on the PCB. 5.No oxidation or contamination on PCB connector. 6.Parts on PCB should correspond the characteristic,and not allow wrong parts,missing parts or additional parts. 7.The jumper on the PCB should correspond to the characteristic. 8.The solder which gets on bezel,LED pad,zebra pad or screw hole pad should be smoothed down.	Minor Minor Major Minor Minor Major Minor Major
3	Soldering	1. No unmelted solder pastes on the PCB. 2. No cold solder joints,solder connection missing,oxidation of solder. 3. No short circuits in components on PCB.	Minor Minor Minor
4	General Appearance	1. No oxidation, contamination, curves,cracks or bends on interface Pin of TCP. 2. No solder residue or solder balls on product. 3. The IC on TCP may not be damaged. 4. The residual rosin or tin oil of soldering(component or chip component) is not turned into brown or black colour. 5. Packing method correspond the specification. 6. Dimension and structure correspond the specification sheet. 7. No dirt and break on the heat seal.	Minor Minor Major Minor Major Major Major

## 12.5 Reliability

The LCD module shall not fail the following reliability test.

Item	Condition	Criterion	
High temperature operation	+70°C ± 2°C, 8 hours	1.Total current consumption should be below double of initial value. 2.Cosmetic defects should not be happened	
Low temperature operation	-20°C ± 2°C, 8 hours		
Humidity	Operation		40 °C ± 2 °C ,93% ± 2%RH,8 hours
	Storage		40 °C ± 2 °C ,93% ± 2%RH, 24 hours
High temperature storage	+80°C ± 2°C, 10 hours		
Low temperature storage	-30°C ± 2°C, 10 hours		
Thermal shock storage	-20°C ~ +70°C 60min~60min, 5 cycles		
Vibration test	Amplitude:0.7~1.0mm,frequency:50Hz,30min in each direction(X,Y,Z)		
Shock test	To be measured after dropping from 60cm or 80cm high on the concrete surface in packing state.(weight ≥ 15Kg,dropping height 60cm; Weight < 15Kg,dropping height 80cm) <div style="text-align: center;">  </div>		
Remark: The function test shall be conducted after 4 hours storage at the normal temperature and humidity after removed from the test chamber.			

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## 13. Precaution For Using LCM

### 1. LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY (LCD)

LCD is made up of glass, organic sealant, organic fluid, and polymer based polarizers. The following precautions should be taken when handling,

- (1). Keep the temperature within range of use and storage. Excessive temperature and humidity could cause polarization degradation, polarizer peel off or bubble.
- (2). Do not contact the exposed polarizers with anything harder than an HB pencil lead. To clean dust off the display surface. Wipe gently with cotton. Chamois or other soft material soaked in petroleum benzin.
- (3). Wipe off saliva or water drops immediately. Contact with water over a long period of time may cause polarizer deformation or color fading, while an active LCD with water condensation on its surface will cause corrosion of ITO electrodes.
- (4). Glass can be easily chipped or cracked from rough handling, especially at corners and edges.
- (5). Do not drive LCD with DC voltage.

### 2. Liquid Crystal Display Modules

#### 2.1 Mechanical Considerations

LCM are assembled and adjusted with a high degree of precision. Avoid excessive shocks and do not make any alterations or modifications. The following should be noted.

- (1). Do not tamper in any way with the tabs on the tabs on the metal frame.
- (2). Do not modify the PCB by drilling extra holes, changing its outline, moving its components or modifying its pattern.
- (3). Do not touch the elastomer connector, especially insert an backlight panel (for example, EL).
- (4). When mounting a LCM make sure that the PCB is not under any stress such as bending or twisting. Elastomer contacts are very delicate and missing pixels could result from slight dislocation of any of the elements.
- (5). Avoid pressing on the metal bezel, otherwise the elastomer connector could be deformed and lose contact, resulting in missing pixels.

#### 2.2. Static Electricity

LCM contains CMOS LSI's and the same precaution for such devices should apply, namely

- (1). The operator should be grounded whenever he/she comes into contact with the module. Never touch any of the conductive parts such as the LSI pads, the copper leads on the PCB and the interface terminals with any parts of the human body.

- (2). The modules should be kept in antistatic bags or other containers resistant to static for storage.

- (3). Only properly grounded soldering irons should be used.

- (4). If an electric screwdriver is used, it should be well grounded and shielded from commutator sparks.

- (5). The normal static prevention measures should be observed for work clothes and working benches; for the latter conductive (rubber) mat is recommended.

- (6). Since dry air is inductive to statics, a relative humidity of 50-60% is recommended.

#### 2.3. Soldering

- (1). Solder only to the I/O terminals.

- (2). Use only soldering irons with proper grounding and no leakage.

- (3). Soldering temperature:  $280\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 10^{\circ}\text{C}$

- (4). Soldering time: 3 to 4 sec.

- (5). Use eutectic solder with resin flux fill.

- (6). If flux is used, the LCD surface should be covered to avoid flux spatters. Flux residue should be removed after wards.

#### 2.4. Operation

- (1). The viewing angle can be adjusted by varying the LCD driving voltage  $V_0$ .

- (2). Driving voltage should be kept within specified range; excess voltage shortens display life.

- (3). Response time increases with decrease in temperature.

- (4). Display may turn black or dark blue at temperatures above its operational range; this is (however not pressing on the viewing area) may cause the segments to appear "fractured".

- (5). Mechanical disturbance during operation (such as pressing on the viewing area) may cause the segments to appear "fractured".

#### 2.5. Storage

If any fluid leaks out of a damaged glass cell, wash off any human part that comes into contact with soap and water. Never swallow the fluid. The toxicity is extremely low but caution should be exercised at all the time.

#### 2.6. Limited Warranty

Unless otherwise agreed between EASTERNTRONIC and customer, EASTERNTRONIC will replace or repair any of its LCD and LC, which is found to be defective electrically and visually when inspected in accordance with EASTERNTRONIC acceptance standards, for a period on one year from data of shipment. Confirmation of such date shall be based on freight documents. The warranty liability of EASTERNTRONIC is limited to repair and/or replacement on the terms set forth above. EASTERNTRONIC will not responsible for any subsequent or consequential events.



## 14. Declaration of conformity regarding the limitation of dangerous substances

**深圳易事通液晶显示模块有限公司**

SHENZHEN EASTERNTRONIC LCM CO., LTD.

4F, B3 Building, FuYuan Industrial Zone, FuYong Town,

BaoAn District, ShenZhen, P.R.China

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY REGARDING THE LIMITATION OF DANGEROUS SUBSTANCES
--

WE, SHENZHEN EASTERNTRONIC LCM CO., LTD,

Declare that the product of CS1602G-D-FSXTDRN-101 complies with: The directive 2002/95/EC Dated 2003/01/27 regarding the limitation of dangerous substances, in particular to clause 4 which forbids the use of the following elements:

- Lead
- Mercury
- Cadmium
- Hexavalent chromium
- Polybrominated biphenyls
- Polybrominated diphenylethers

And to the annex which points out the exempted implementations

To the directive 73/23/EEC dated 1973/02/19 and the standard EN60335-1 regarding prohibition of following elements:

- Oils containing polychlorinated biphenyl
- Asbestos
- Radioactive substances

Name: Ding

SHENZHEN EASTERNTRONIC LCM CO., LTD.

Issued on Feb 17, 2009

According with the proposal of Technical Adaption Committee (TAC) of a limit of 0.1% by weight for lead hexavalent chromium, mercury, PBBs and PBDRs and 0.01% by weight for Cadmium.