DISPLAYTRONIC

XIAMEN ZETTLER ELECTRONICS CO., LTD

SPECIFICATIONS FOR LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY

	CUSTOMER APP	PROVAL	
₩ DADT NO •	AGM2412A-NLW-BBW-S01	(DISDLAVTDONIC) VED1 1
	AOWI2412A-NLW-DDW-301	COMPANY	<u>) VEXI.1</u>
APPROVAL		СНОР	
CUSTOMER			
COMMENTS			

DISPLAYTRONIC ENGINEERING APPROVAL							
DESIGNED BY CHECKED BY APPROVED BY							
JiangFM	JAY	Gu					

REVISION RECORD

REVISION	REVISION DATE	PAGE	CONTENTS
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1.0 GENERAL SPECS

Display Format	240*128 DOTS
2. Power Supply LCM	5.0V(Single power supply with integrated DC-DC,adjustable Vop)
3. Overall Module Size	144.0mm(W) x 104.0mm(H) x max 14.0mm(D)
4. Viewing Area(W*H)	114.0mm(W) x 64.0mm(H)
5. Dot Size (W*H)	0.40mm(W) x 0.40mm(H)
6. Dot Pitch (W*H)	0.45mm(W) x 0.45mm(H)
7. Viewing Direction	6:00 O'Clock
8. Driving Method	1/128 Duty,1/12 Bias
9. Controller IC	T6963C
10. Display Mode	STN(BLUE) /Negative /Transmissive
11. Backlight Options	White LED/Side
12. Operating temperature	-20°C ~ 70°C
13. Storage temperature	-30°C ~ 80°C
14. RoHS	RoHS compliant

2.0 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Item	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Operating temperature	Тор	-20		70	°C
Storage temperature	Tst	-30		80	°C
Input voltage	Vin	Vss-0.3		Vdd+0.3	V
Supply voltage for logic	Vdd- Vss	-0.3	-	7.0	V
Supply voltage for LCD driving	Vdd- V0	6		28	V

3.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

3.1 Electrical Characteristics Of LCM

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	Vdd	25°C	4.8	5.0	5.2	V
Power Supply Current	ldd	Vdd=5.0V			30	mA
Input voltage (high)	Vih	Pins:(/WR,/RD,/CE,C/D,	VDD-2.2		Vdd	V
Input voltage (low)	Vil	/RESET,DB0-DB7,FS) VDD=5V	0		0.8	٧
		-20°C			19.2	
Recommended LC Driving Voltage	Vdd -V0	25°C	17.9	18.2	18.5	V
5 - mg		70°C	17.2			

3.2 The Characteristics Of LED Backlight

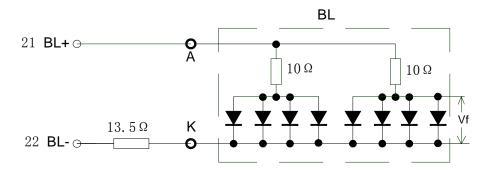
3.2.1 Electrical-Optical Characteristics Of LED Backlight (Ta=25°C)

Item	Symbol	Condition Min Typ		Тур	Max	Unit	
Forward Voltage ⁽¹⁾	Vf	If=120mA 2.9 3.1		3.3	V		
Reverse Voltage	Vr	-			5	V	
Luminance ⁽²⁾	Lv	If=120mA	400	450	500	cd/m²	
Uniformity ⁽³⁾	Δ	(Lvmin/Lvmax)%	70%			-	
Peak wave length	λр	If=120mA				nm	
Chroma coordinate	х	If=120mA	0.26		0.30	um	
Omoma coordinate	у	lf=120mA	0.27		0.31	um	
Lifetime ⁽⁴⁾	-	If=120mA	-	20000	-	Hours	

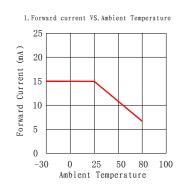
NOTE:

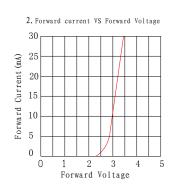
- (1) Forward voltage means voltage applied directly to the LED, please refer to the backlight diagram.
- (2) The luminance is the average value of 5 points, The measurement instrument is BM-7 luminance colorimeter. The diameter of aperture is Φ 5mm
 - (3) Luminance means the backlight brightness without LCD.
 - (4) Backlight lifetime means luminance value larger than half of the original after 20000 hours' continuous working.
- (5) Please apply the backlight current as the table recommend. If LCM surface luminance is acceptable, please apply the driving current as lower as possible. Any time, do not apply the driving current higher than 150mA.

3.2.2 Backlight Control Circuit For LCM (2x4=8 pcs LED)



3.2.3 LED Characteristics Curves (for single led)

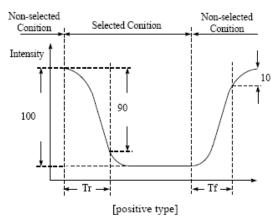


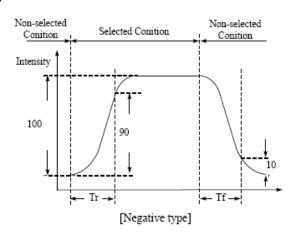


AGM2412A-NLW-BBW-S01(DISPLAYTRONIC) GRAPHIC MODULE VER1.1 4.0 OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta=25°C)

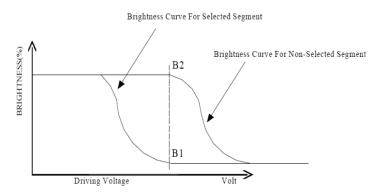
Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Viewing angle (Left - right)	θ2	Cr ≥ 2.0	-35	-	35	deg
Viewing angle (Up-down)	θ1	Cr ≥ 2.0	-25	-	40	deg
Contrast Ratio	Cr	θ1=0°, θ2=0°	-	7	-	
Response time (rise)	Tr	θ1=0°, θ2=0°	-	180	300	ms
Response time (fall)	Tf	θ1=0°, θ2=0°	-	150	250	ms

(1). Definition of Optical Response Time



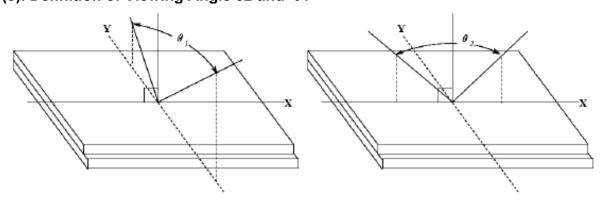


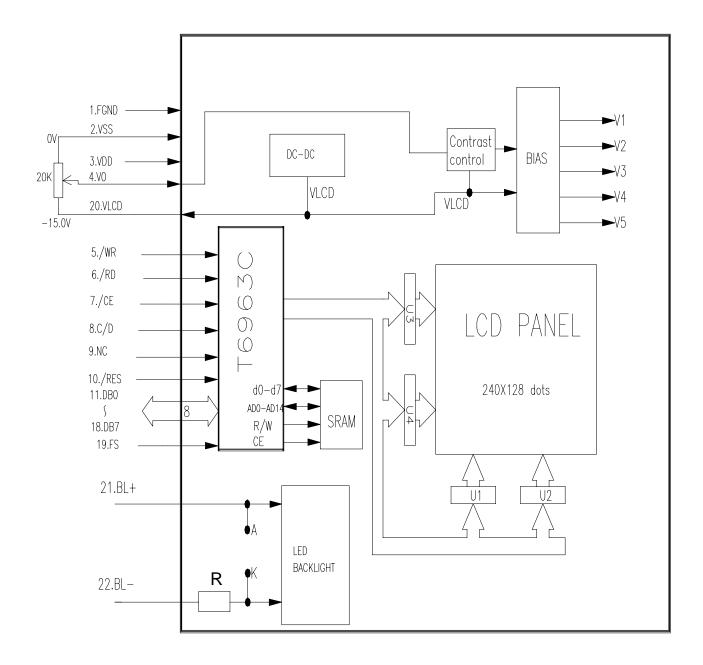
(2). Definition of Contrast Ratio



Cr= Brightness of Non-selected Segment(B2)
Brightness of selected Segment(B1)

(3). Definition of Viewing Angle θ 2 and θ 1

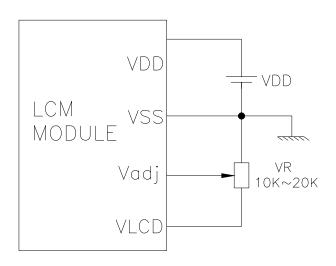




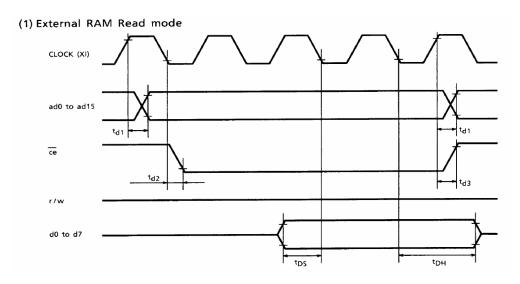
AGM2412A-NLW-BBW-S01(DISPLAYTRONIC) GRAPHIC MODULE VER1.1 **6.0 PIN ASSIGNMENT**

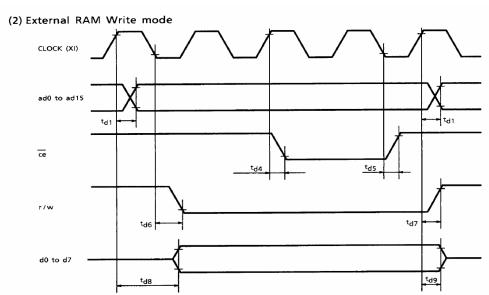
Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Level
1	FGND	BEZEL Ground	-
2	VSS	Ground	
3	VDD	+5V	-
4	V0	Contrast Adjust Voltage	-
5	/WR	Data write	L
6	/RD	Data read	L
7	/CE	Chip Enable	H, H→ L
8	C/D	Command/Data	L/H
9	NC		
10	/RES	Reset	L
11	DB0	Data bit 0	H/L
12	DB1	Data bit 1	H/L
13	DB2	Data bit 2	H/L
14	DB3	Data bit 3	H/L
15	DB4	Data bit 4	H/L
16	DB5	Data bit 5	H/L
17	DB6	Data bit 6	H/L
18	DB7	Data bit 7	H/L
19	FS	Font Select	H=6*8dots matrix, L=8*8 dot matrix
20	VLCD	Power supply for LCD driving	-15.0V
21	BL+	Power supply for LED+	5.0V
22	BL-	Power supply for LED-	0V

7.0 POWER SUPPLY



8.0 TIMING CHARACTERISTICS



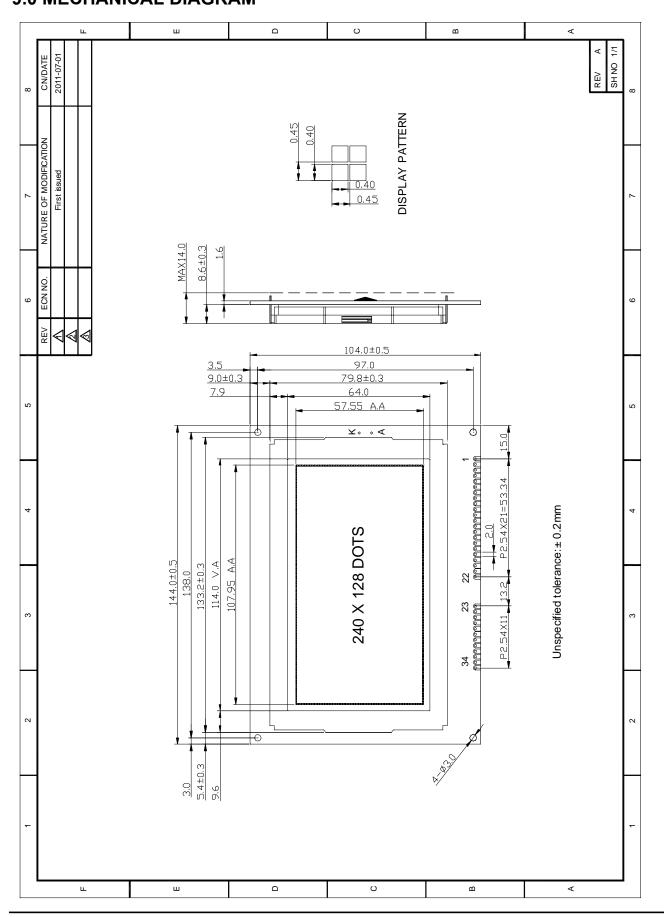


TEST CONDITIONS (Unless otherwise noted, $V_{DD} = 5.0V \pm 10\%$, $V_{SS} = 0V$, Ta = -20 to $70^{\circ}C$)

ITEM	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Address Delay Time	^t d1	<u> </u>	_	250	ns
ce Fall Delay Time (Read)	t _{d2}	-	T -	180	ns
ce Rise Delay Time (Read)	td3	_	<u> </u>	180	ns
Data Set-up Time	tDS		0	_	ns
Data Hold Time	^t DH		30	_	ns
ce Fall Delay Time (Write)	^t d4	_		200	ns
ce Rise Delay Time (Write)	td5	<u> </u>	_	200	ns
r/w Fall Delay Time	^t d6	_	1 -	180	ns
r/w Rise Delay Time	td7		_	180	ns
Data Stable Time	t _{d8}	_	_	450	ns
Data Hold Time	td9			200	ns

For more details, please refer to IC specification.

AGM2412A-NLW-BBW-S01(DISPLAYTRONIC) GRAPHIC MODULE VER1.1 9.0 MECHANICAL DIAGRAM



AGM2412A-NLW-BBW-S01(DISPLAYTRONIC) GRAPHIC MODULE VER1.1 10.0 RELIABILITY TEST

Test Condition Test Item Description Remark NO Applying the high storage 80 °C High temperature 1 temperature Under normal humidity for a 96hrs storage long time Check normal performance Applying the low storage temperature Low temperature Under normal humidity for a long time 2 -30°C storage Check normal performance 96hrs Apply the electric stress(Voltage and 70 °C High temperature current) Under high temperature for a 3 Note1 96hrs Operation long time -20°C Apply the electric stress Under low Note1 Low temperature 4 Environmental temperature for a long time Note2 96hrs Operation Test 90% RH High Apply high temperature and high 5 Note2 temperature/High 40°C humidity storage for a long time Humidity Storage 96hrs Apply the low and high temperature cycle -30°C<>25°C<>80°C<>25°C -30°C/80°C 10min 30min 10min 30min 6 Temperature Cycle 10 cycle 1 cycle Check normal performance Freq:10~55~10Hz Amplitude:0.75mm Vibration Applying vibration to product check 1cycle time:1min 7 test(Package state) normal performance X.Y.Z every Mechanical direction for 15 Test cycles Drop them through Applying shock to product check normal Shock test(package 70cm height to 8 performance strike horizontal state)

Remark

Other

9

Note1:Normal operations condition (25°C±5°C).

Note2:Pay attention to keep dewdrops from the module during this test.

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AGM2412A-NLW-BBW-S01(DISPLAYTRONIC) GRAPHIC MODULE VER1.1 11.0 DISPLAY INSTRUCTION TABLE

C/ D D D D D D D D W R INSTRUCTION DESCRIPTION 2 D 7 6 5 4 3 1 D R S1~S5 0: In operation S4 1: Ready **S**6 0:No Error 1 0 **S**7 S5 **S**3 S2 S1**S**0 Status Read 1 **S**6 ot 1:Error **S**7 0:Display Off us 1:Normal Display ed 0 1 Set Cursor Pointer 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 Set Offset Register Register Set 1 1 0 0 0 Set Address Pointer 0 0 Set Text Home Address 0 1 Set Text Area Control Word Set 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 Set Graphic Home Address Set graphic Area 1 1 X 0 0 0 OR mode X 0 0 1 EXOR mode X 0 1 1 AND mode Mode Set 1 1 0 1 0 0 0 X 1 0 0 Text Attribute mode 0 X X X Internal CG ROM mode X X 1 X External CG RAM mode 0 0 0 0 Display Off X X 1 0 Cursor on, blink off X X 1 1 Cursor on.blink on 0 0 Display Mode 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 X X Text on, graphic off 1 0 X X Text off, graphic on 1 1 X X Text on, graphic on N N N Cursor Pattern Select 1 1 0 1 1 0 0 0 Cursor Set Set Data Auto Write 0 0 Data Auto Read /Write 1 1 0 1 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 Set Data Auto Read 1 0 Auto Reset Data Read/Write And ADP Increment/Decrement N N N Data Read Write 1 1 0 1 1 0 0 0 It should executed after setting 2 1 0 Address using Set Address Pointer command. Screen Peek 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 Screen Peek 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 Screen Copy 1 1 1 1 Screen Copy N N N Bit Set Reset 1 1 0 1 1 1 Bit Set 2 3 0 Writes data DBO~DB7 from Data Write 0 0 Write Data 1 MPU to external display RAM. Reads data DB0~DB7 from 0 0 Data Read 1 Read Data external display RAM to MPU.

x:invalid

For more information please check Controller Specification.

12.0 PRECAUTION FOR USING LCM

- 1. When design the product with this LCD Module, make sure the viewing angle matches to its purpose of usage.
- 2. As LCD panel is made of glass substrate, Dropping the LCD module or banging it against hard objects may cause cracking or fragmentation. Especially at corners and edges.
- 3. Although the polarizer of this LCD Module has the anti-glare coating, always be careful not to scratch its surface. Use of a plastic cover is recommended to protect the surface of polarizer.
- 4. If the LCD module is stored at below specified temperature, the LC material may freeze and be deteriorated. If it is stored at above specified temperature, the molecular orientation of the LC material may change to Liquid state and it may not revert to its original state. Excessive temperature and humidity could cause polarizer peel off or bubble. Therefore, the LCD module should always be stored within specified temperature range.
- 5. Saliva or water droplets must be wiped off immediately as those may leave stains or cause color changes if remained for a long time. Water vapor will cause corrosion of ITO electrodes.
- 6. If the surface of LCD panel needs to be cleaned, wipe it swiftly with cotton or other soft cloth. If it is not still clean enough, blow a breath on the surface and wipe again.
- 7. The module should be driven according to the specified ratings to avoid malfunction and permanent damage. Applying DC voltage cause a rapid deterioration of LC material. Make sure to apply alternating waveform by continuous application of the M signal. Especially the power ON/OFF sequence should be kept to avoid latch-up of driver LSIs and DC charge up to LCD panel.
- 8. Mechanical Considerations
 - a) LCM are assembled and adjusted with a high degree of precision. Avoid excessive shocks and do not make any alterations or modifications. The following should be noted.
 - b) Do not tamper in any way with the tabs on the metal frame.
 - Do not modify the PCB by drilling extra holes, changing its outline, moving its components or modifying its pattern.
 - d) Do not touch the elastomer connector; especially insert a backlight panel (for example, EL).
 - When mounting a LCM makes sure that the PCB is not under any stress such as bending or twisting.
 Elastomer contacts are very delicate and missing pixels could result from slight dislocation of any of the elements
 - f) Avoid pressing on the metal bezel, otherwise the elastomer connector could be deformed and lose contact, resulting in missing pixels.
- 9. Static Electricity
 - a) Operator

Ware the electrostatics shielded clothes because human body may be statically charged if not ware shielded clothes. Never touch any of the conductive parts such as the LSI pads; the copper leads on the PCB and the interface terminals with any parts of the human body.

b) Equipment

There is a possibility that the static electricity is charged to the equipment, which has a function of peeling or friction action (ex: conveyer, soldering iron, working table). Earth the equipment through proper resistance (electrostatic earth: 1x10⁸ ohm).

Only properly grounded soldering irons should be used.

If an electric screwdriver is used, it should be well grounded and shielded from commutator sparks.

The normal static prevention measures should be observed for work clothes and working benches; for the latter conductive (rubber) mat is recommended.

c) Floor

Floor is the important part to drain static electricity, which is generated by operators or equipment.

There is a possibility that charged static electricity is not properly drained in case of insulating floor. Set the electrostatic earth (electrostatic earth: 1x10⁸ ohm).

d) Humidity

Proper humidity helps in reducing the chance of generating electrostatic charges. Humidity should be kept over 50%RH.

e) Transportation/storage

The storage materials also need to be anti-static treated because there is a possibility that the human body or storage materials such as containers may be statically charged by friction or peeling.

The modules should be kept in antistatic bags or other containers resistant to static for storage.

f) Soldering

Solder only to the I/O terminals. Use only soldering irons with proper grounding and no leakage.

Soldering temperature : 280°C ± 10°C

Soldering time: 3 to 4 sec.

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Use eutectic solder with resin flux fill.

If flux is used, the LCD surface should be covered to avoid flux spatters. Flux residue should be removed afterwards.

a) Others

The laminator (protective film) is attached on the surface of LCD panel to prevent it from scratches or stains. It should be peeled off slowly using static eliminator.

Static eliminator should also be installed to the workbench to prevent LCD module from static charge.

- 10. Operation
 - a) Driving voltage should be kept within specified range; excess voltage shortens display life.
 - b) Response time increases with decrease in temperature.
 - c) Display may turn black or dark blue at temperatures above its operational range; this is (however not pressing on the viewing area) may cause the segments to appear "fractured".
 - d) Mechanical disturbance during operation (such as pressing on the viewing area) may cause the segments to appear "fractured".
- 11. If any fluid leaks out of a damaged glass cell, wash off any human part that comes into contact with soap and water. The toxicity is extremely low but caution should be exercised at all the time.
- 12. Disassembling the LCD module can cause permanent damage and it should be strictly avoided.
- 13. LCD retains the display pattern when it is applied for long time (Image retention). To prevent image retention, do not apply the fixed pattern for a long time. Image retention is not a deterioration of LCD. It will be removed after display pattern is changed.
- 14. Do not use any materials, which emit gas from epoxy resin (hardener for amine) and silicone adhesive agent (dealcohol or deoxym) to prevent discoloration of polarizer due to gas.
- 15. Avoid the exposure of the module to the direct sunlight or strong ultraviolet light for a long time.