

**IB868**

**Intel Pentium® M PICMG 1.3  
SHB Express CPU Card**

**USER'S MANUAL**

**Version 1.0**

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# Introduction

## Product Description

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The IB868 PICMG1.3 SHB board incorporates the Mobile Intel® 915GM Express Chipset for Embedded Computing, consisting of the Intel® 915GM Graphic Memory Controller Hub (GMCH) and Intel® I/O Controller Hub 6-M (ICH6-M), is an optimized integrated graphics solution with a 400 MHz and 533 MHz front-side bus.

The integrated 32-bit 3D graphics engine, based on Intel® Graphics Media Accelerator 900 (Intel® GMA 900) architecture, operates at core speeds of up to 320 MHz. It features a low-power design, is validated with the Intel® Pentium® M and Intel® Celeron® M processors on 90nm process. With two DIMM socket on board, the board supports up to 2GB of DDR2 533 MHz system memory.

Intel® Graphics supports a unique intelligent memory management scheme called Dynamic Video Memory Technology (DVMT). DVMT handles diverse applications by providing the maximum availability of system memory for general computer usage, while supplying additional graphics memory when a 3D-intensive application requests it. The Intel GMA 900 graphics architecture also takes advantage of the high-performance Intel processor. Intel GMA 900 graphics supports Dual Independent Display technology.

The main features of the board are:

- Supports Pentium® M / Celeron® M processors
- Two DDR2 SDRAM DIMM, Max. 2GB
- Onboard 10/100 BaseT, optional Gigabit Ethernet
- Intel® 915 Express VGA for CRT / LVDS
- 6x USB 2.0, 2x COM, Watchdog timer, Digital I/O
- Optional backplane with 3x PCI-E(x1), 1x PCI-E (x16), 4x PCI slots
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Dimensions of the board are 338mm x 126mm.

### **Checklist**

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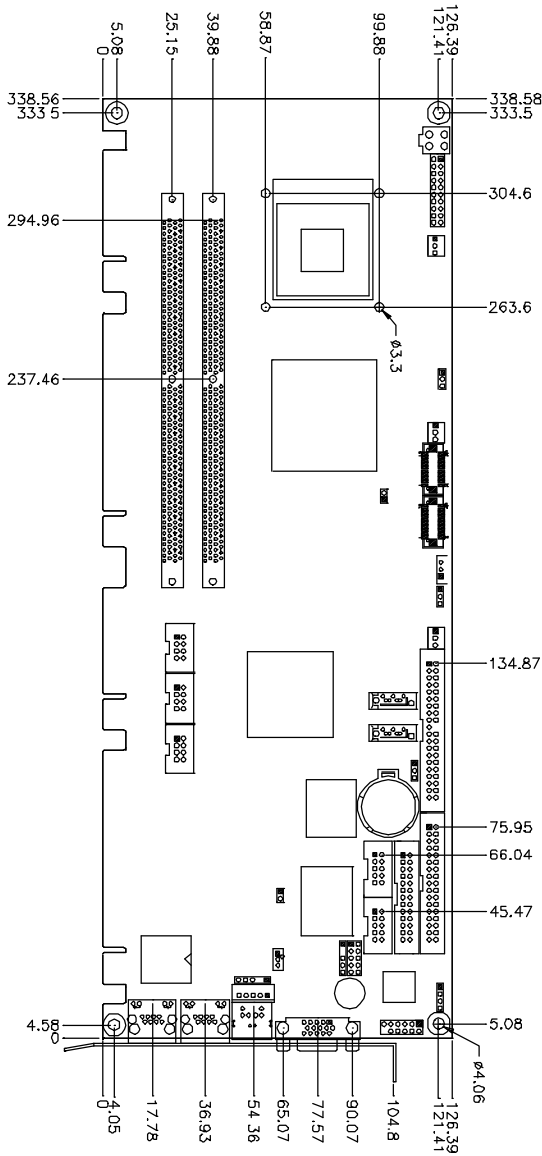
Your IB868 Pentium M CPU card package should include the items listed below:

- The IB868 CPU Card
- This User's Manual
- 1 IDE Ribbon Cable
- 1 Floppy Ribbon Connector
- SATA Cable
- 2 Serial Port Ribbon Cable and 1 Parallel Port Attached to a Mounting Bracket
- 1 Y-Cable supporting a PS/2 Keyboard and a PS/2 Mouse
- 1 CD containing the following:
  - Chipset Drivers
  - Flash Memory Utility
- Optional Audio cable with bracket (Audio8K)
- Optional USB cable with bracket (USB2K-4)
- Optional backplane (IP380)
- Optional SATA Power Cord (PW34)

## Specifications

<b>Product Name</b>	IB868
<b>Form Factor</b>	PICMG 1.3 SHB Express full size CPU card
<b>CPU Type</b>	Intel Pentium M / Celeron M
<b>CPU Voltage</b>	0.700V ~ 1.708V
<b>System Speed</b>	Up to 2.26GHz
<b>CPU FSB</b>	400/533MHz FSB
<b>Cache</b>	2MB (Pentium M)/ 512KB(Celeron M) Level2 (CPU integrated)
<b>Green /APM</b>	APM1.2
<b>CPU Socket</b>	Socket 479 or micro-FCBGA on board
<b>Chipset</b>	INTEL 915GM Chipset GMCH: 915GM 1257-pin FCBGA ICH6M: 82801FBM 609-pin mBGA FWH
<b>BIOS</b>	Award BIOS, support ACPI Function
<b>Memory</b>	DDRII 533/400 DIMM x2 (w/o ECC function), Max. 2GB
<b>VGA</b>	915GM built-in, supports CRT
<b>LVDS</b>	915GM built-in, supports 18+18 bits single or dual channel LVDS
<b>LAN</b>	1. ICH6M built-in 10/100BT MAC + Intel 82562ET PHY 2. Marvell 88E8053 PCI Express Gigabit LAN controller x1
<b>USB</b>	ICH6M built-in USB 2.0 host controller, support 6 ports
<b>Serial ATA</b>	ICH6M built-in SATA controller, supports 2 ports
<b>Parallel IDE</b>	ICH6M built-in one channel Ultra DMA 33/66/100 for HDDs
<b>Audio</b>	ICH6M Built-in Audio controller + AC97 Codec ALC655 (Line-out, Line-in, Mic.)
<b>LPC I/O</b>	W83627EHF: Parallel x1, COM1, COM2 (RS232), FDC 1.44MB, IrDA x1 & Hardware monitor (3 thermal inputs, 4 voltage monitor inputs, VID0-4, 3 Fan Headers)
<b>Keyboard/Mouse</b>	Supports PS/2 Keyboard/Mouse connector
<b>Edge Connector</b>	DB15 x1 for VGA PS/2 Connector x1 for keyboard/mouse RJ-45 x2 for 10/100 & Gigabit LAN
<b>OnBoard Header/Connector</b>	40 pins box-header x1 for IDE1 34 pins box-header x1 for Floppy 26 pins box-header x1 for LPT 10 pins box-header x2 for COM1/2 8 (4x2) pins header x 3 for USB1~6 5 pins header x 1 for IrDA(cut pin2) DF13 connector x2 for LVDS 12 pins header x1 for audio Line-Out, Line-In & Microphone 4 pins header x1 for built-in speaker SATA connector x2 for 2 SATA ports
<b>Watchdog Timer</b>	Yes (256 segments, 0, 1, 2...255 sec/min)
<b>Digital I/O</b>	4 In / 4 Out
<b>System Voltage</b>	+5V, +12V, 5VSB (2A)
<b>Other</b>	Modem Wakeup, LAN Wakeup
<b>Board Size</b>	338mm x 126mm
<b>Golden Finger I/F</b> (Also Backplane Spec.)	PCI w/ 4x PCI master (Supports 4 PCI Slots) 3x (x1 PCIe slots) 1x (x16 PCIe slot)

**Board Dimensions**





## **Installations**

This section provides information on how to use the jumpers and connectors on the IB868 in order to set up a workable system. The topics covered are:

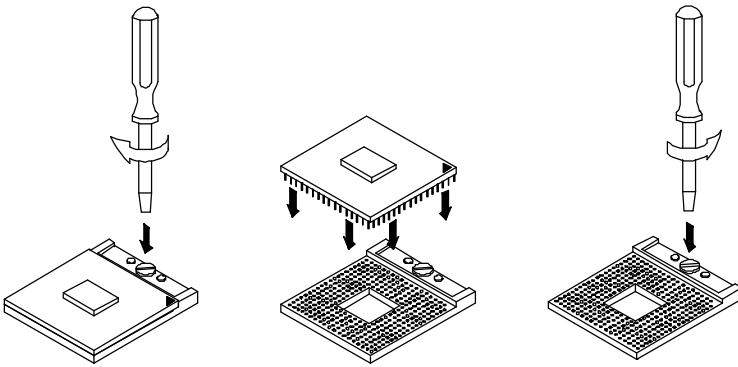
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### Installing the CPU

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The IB868 board supports a Socket 479 processor socket for Intel® Pentium® M or Celeron® M processors.

The processor socket comes with a screw to secure the processor. As shown in the left picture below, loosen the screw first before inserting the processor. Place the processor into the socket by making sure the notch on the corner of the CPU corresponds with the notch on the inside of the socket. Once the processor has slide into the socket, fasten the screw. Refer to the figures below.



**NOTE:** Ensure that the CPU heat sink and the CPU top surface are in total contact to avoid CPU overheating problem that would cause your system to hang or be unstable.

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## **Installing the Memory**

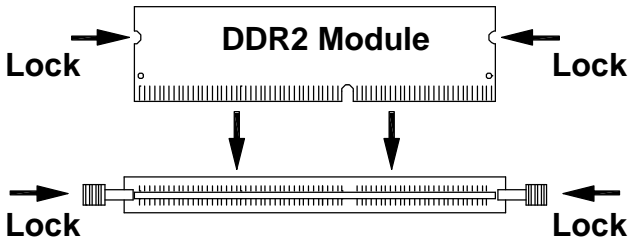
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The IB868 board supports two DDR2 memory socket for a maximum total memory of 2GB in DDR2 memory type.

### **Installing and Removing Memory Modules**

To install the DDR2 modules, locate the memory slot on the board and perform the following steps:

1. Hold the DDR2 module so that the key of the DDR2 module align with those on the memory slot.
2. Gently push the DDR2 module in an upright position until the clips of the slot close to hold the DDR2 module in place when the DDR module touches the bottom of the slot.
3. To remove the DDR2 module, press the clips with both hands.



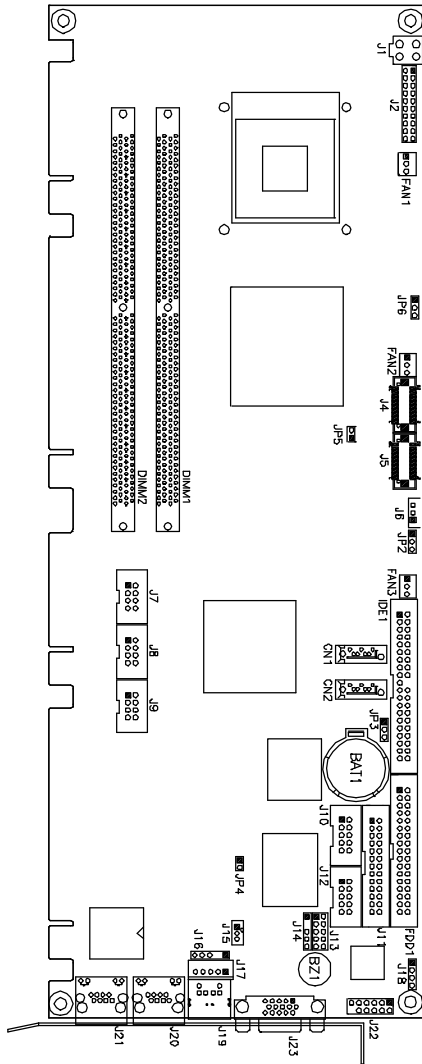
## **Setting the Jumpers**

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Jumpers are used on IB868 to select various settings and features according to your needs and applications. Contact your supplier if you have doubts about the best configuration for your needs. The following lists the connectors on IB868 and their respective functions.



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**Jumper Locations on IB868**





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**JP2: Panel Voltage Setting**

JP2	Setting	Panel Voltage
 1 2 3	Pin 1-2 Short/Closed	3.3V
 1 2 3	Pin 2-3 Short/Closed	5V



**JP3: Clear CMOS Contents**

*Note that the ATX-power connector should be disconnected from the CPU card before clearing CMOS.*



JP3	Setting	Function
 1 2 3	Pin 1-2 Short/Closed	Normal
 1 2 3	Pin 2-3 Short/Closed	Clear CMOS

**JP5: VGA Signal Select**

Use these 2-pin header to select the on board 915GM integrated VGA or from the backplane PCI-EXPRESS\*16 External Graphics card.

JP5	Setting	Function
 SHORT	Pin 1-2 Short/Closed	Built-in VGA
 OPEN	Pin 1-2 open	External VGA

**JP6: CPU Front Side Bus Frequency Setting**

JP6	Setting	Function
 1 2 3	Pin 1-2 Short/Closed	533 MHz
 1 2 3	Pin 2-3 Short/Closed	400 MHz

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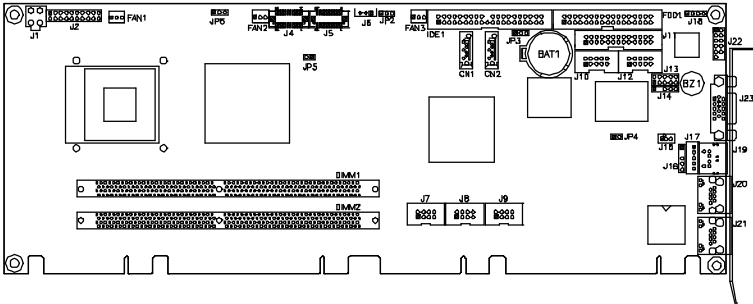
## **Connectors on IB868**

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The connectors on IB868 allows you to connect external devices such as keyboard, floppy disk drives, hard disk drives, printers, etc. The following table lists the connectors on IB868 and their respective functions.

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**Jumper Locations on IB868**



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CN1, CN2: Serial ATA (SATA) Connectors..... 14

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FAN2, FAN3: System Fan Power Connector ..... 14

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J16, J17: External PS/2 Mouse and Keyboard Connector..... 19

J18: CD-In Audio Connector ..... 19

J19: PS/2 Keyboard and Mouse Connector ..... 19

J20: Primary RJ45 Connector ..... 20

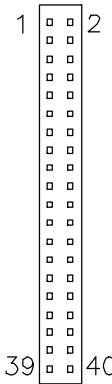
J21: Gigabit LAN RJ45 Connector..... 20

J22: External Audio Connector..... 20

J23: VGA CRT Connector ..... 20

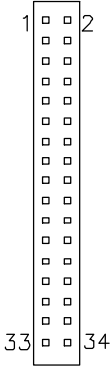


**IDE1, IDE2: EIDE Connectors**



Signal Name	Pin #	Pin #	Signal Name
Reset IDE	1	2	Ground
Host data 7	3	4	Host data 8
Host data 6	5	6	Host data 9
Host data 5	7	8	Host data 10
Host data 4	9	10	Host data 11
Host data 3	11	12	Host data 12
Host data 2	13	14	Host data 13
Host data 1	15	16	Host data 14
Host data 0	17	18	Host data 15
Ground	19	20	Protect pin
DRQ0	21	22	Ground
Host IOW	23	24	Ground
Host IOR	25	26	Ground
IOCHRDY	27	28	Host ALE
DACK0	29	30	Ground
IRQ14	31	32	No connect
Address 1	33	34	No connect
Address 0	35	36	Address 2
Chip select 0	37	38	Chip select 1
Activity	39	40	Ground

**FDD1: Floppy Drive Connector**



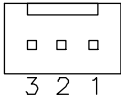
Signal Name	Pin #	Pin #	Signal Name
Ground	1	2	RM/LC
Ground	3	4	No connect
Ground	5	6	No connect
Ground	7	8	Index
Ground	9	10	Motor enable 0
Ground	11	12	Drive select 1
Ground	13	14	Drive select 0
Ground	15	16	Motor enable 1
Ground	17	18	Direction
Ground	19	20	Step
Ground	21	22	Write data
Ground	23	24	Write gate
Ground	25	26	Track 00
Ground	27	28	Write protect
Ground	29	30	Read data
Ground	31	32	Side 1 select
Ground	33	34	Diskette change

### CN1, CN2: Serial ATA (SATA) Connectors

The SATA connectors support serial ATA 150. Each connector can only use one serial ATA hard disk. CN2 is port 1 and CN1 is port 2.

### FAN1: CPU Fan Power Connector

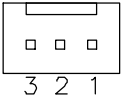
FAN1 is a 3-pin header for the CPU fan. The fan must be a 12V fan.



Pin #	Signal Name
1	Ground
2	+12V
3	Rotation detection

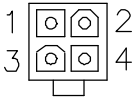
### FAN2, FAN3: System Fan Power Connector

FAN2 and FAN3 are 3-pin headers for system fans. The fan must be a 12V fan.



Pin #	Signal Name
1	Ground
2	+12V
3	Rotation detection

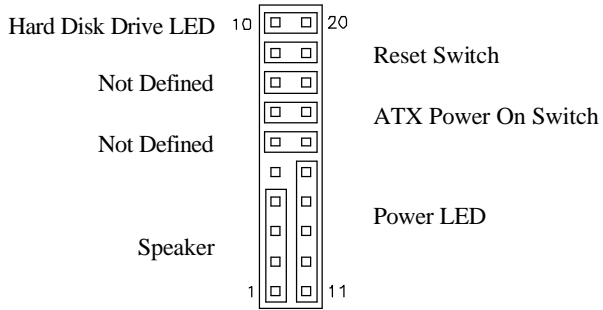
### J1: ATX 12V/+12V Power Connector



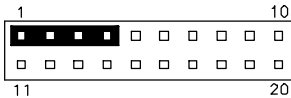
Pin #	Signal Name
1	Ground
2	Ground
3	+12V
4	+12V

**J2: System Function Connector**

J2 provides connectors for system indicators that provide light indication of the computer activities and switches to change the computer status. J2 is a 20-pin header that provides interfaces for the following functions.

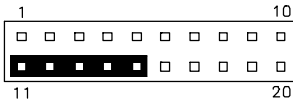


**Speaker: Pins 1 - 4**



Pin #	Signal Name
1	Speaker out
2	No connect
3	Ground
4	+5V

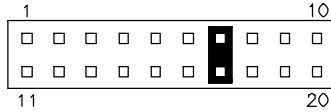
**Power LED: Pins 11 - 15**



Pin #	Signal Name
11	Power LED
12	No connect
13	Ground
14	No connect
15	Ground

**ATX Power ON Switch: Pins 7 and 17**

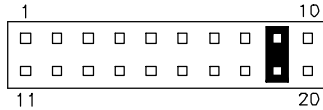
This 2-pin connector is an “ATX Power Supply On/Off Switch” on the system that connects to the power switch on the case. When pressed, the power switch will force the system to power on. When pressed again, it will force the system to power off.



**Reset Switch: Pins 9 and 19**

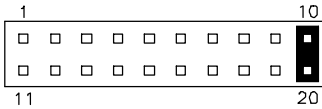
The reset switch allows the user to reset the system without turning the main power switch off and then on again.

Orientation is not required when making a connection to this header.



**Hard Disk Drive LED Connector: Pins 10 and 20**

This connector connects to the hard drive activity LED on control panel. This LED will flash when the HDD is being accessed.



Pin #	Signal Name
10	HDD Active
20	5V

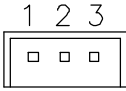
**J4, J5: LVDS Connectors (2nd channel, 1st channel)**

The LVDS connectors, DF13 20-pin mating connectors, are composed of the first channel (J5) and second channel (J4) to support 18-bit or 36-bit.

Signal Name	Pin #	Pin #	Signal Name
TX0-	2	1	TX0+
Ground	4	3	Ground
TX1-	6	5	TX1+
5V/3.3V	8	7	Ground
TX3-	10	9	TX3+
TX2-	12	11	TX2+
Ground	14	13	Ground
TXC-	16	15	TXC+
5V/3.3V	18	17	ENABKL
+12V	20	19	+12V

**Remarks:** Maximum current for +12V is 1A.

**J6: Panel Inverter Power Connector**

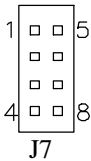


Pin #	Signal Name
1	+12V
2	ENABKL
3	Ground

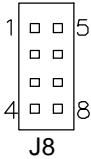
**Remarks:** Maximum current is 1A.

**J7, J8 , J9: USB Connectors**

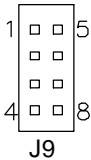
The following table shows the pin outs of the USB pin headers connectors. Overall, the two pin headers support four USB ports.



Signal Name	Pin	Pin	Signal Name
Vcc	1	5	Ground
USB0-	2	6	USB1+
USB0+	3	7	USB1-
Ground	4	8	Vcc



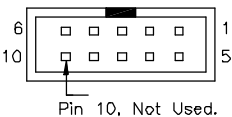
Signal Name	Pin	Pin	Signal Name
Vcc	1	5	Ground
USB2-	2	6	USB3+
USB2+	3	7	USB3-
Ground	4	8	Vcc



Signal Name	Pin	Pin	Signal Name
Vcc	1	5	Ground
USB4-	2	6	USB5+
USB4+	3	7	USB5-
Ground	4	8	Vcc

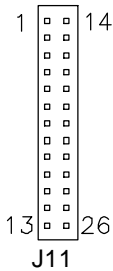
**J10, J12: COM1 and COM2 Serial Ports Connector**

J10 and J12 both 10-pin headers supporting RS232 COM ports.



Signal Name	Pin	Pin	Signal Name
DCD	1	6	DSR
RX	2	7	RTS
TX	3	8	CTS
DTR	4	9	RI
GND	5	10	NC

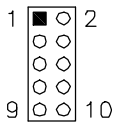
**J11: Parallel Port Connector**



Signal Name	Pin #	Pin #	Signal Name
Line printer strobe	1	14	AutoFeed
PD0, parallel data 0	2	15	Error
PD1, parallel data 1	3	16	Initialize
PD2, parallel data 2	4	17	Select
PD3, parallel data 3	5	18	Ground
PD4, parallel data 4	6	19	Ground
PD5, parallel data 5	7	20	Ground
PD6, parallel data 6	8	21	Ground
PD7, parallel data 7	9	22	Ground
ACK, acknowledge	10	23	Ground
Busy	11	24	Ground
Paper empty	12	25	Ground
Select	13	N/A	N/A

**J13: Digital input / output Connector**

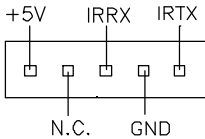
The pin assignments of the digital input/output connector are as follows:



Signal Name	Pin	Pin	Signal Name
Ground	1	2	+5V
Out-3	3	4	Out-1
Out-2	5	6	Out-0
In-3	7	8	In-1
In-2	9	10	In-0

**J14: IrDA Connector**

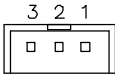
J14 is used for an optional IrDA connector for wireless communication.



Pin #	Signal Name
1	+5V
2	No connect
3	Ir RX
4	Ground
5	Ir TX

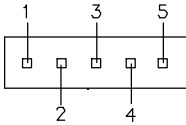
**J15: Wake On LAN Connector**

J15 is a 3-pin header for the Wake On LAN function on the motherboard. The following table shows the pin out assignments of this connector. Wake On LAN will function properly only with an ATX power supply with 5VSB that has 1A.



Pin #	Signal Name
1	+5VSB
2	Ground
3	LAN Wakeup

**J16, J17: External PS/2 Mouse and Keyboard Connector**



Pin #	J17	J16
1	KB clock	Mouse data
2	KB data	N.C.
3	N.C.	Ground
4	Ground	Vcc
5	Vcc	Mouse clock

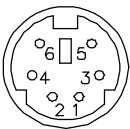
**J18: CD-In Audio Connector**



Pin #	Signal Name
1	CD Audio R
2	Ground
3	Ground
4	CD Audio L

**J19: PS/2 Keyboard and Mouse Connector**

J19 uses a Y-cable with dual D-connectors for a PS/2 keyboard and a PS/2 mouse.

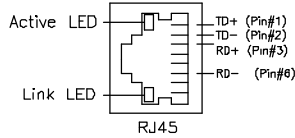


J19

Pin #	Signal Name
1	Mouse data
2	Keyboard data
3	Ground
4	Vcc
5	Mouse Clock
6	Keyboard Clock

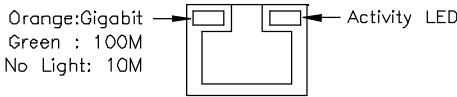
## J20: Primary RJ45 Connector

J20 is the primary RJ-45 connector based on the chipset integrated LAN. The figure below shows the pin out assignments of the connector and its corresponding input jack.



## J21: Gigabit LAN RJ45 Connector

J21 is the Gigabit LAN RJ45 connector.



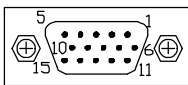
## J22: External Audio Connector

J22 is a 12-pin header that is used to connect to the optional audio cable that integrates jacks for Line In, Line Out and Mic.

Signal Name	Pin #	Pin #	Signal Name
LINEOUT_R	1	2	LINEOUT_L
Ground	3	4	Ground
LINEIN_R	5	6	LINEIN_L
Ground	7	8	Ground
Mic-In	9	10	VREF-Mic
Ground	11	12	Protect pin

## J23: VGA CRT Connector

The pin assignments of the J23 VGA CRT connector are as follows:



J23

Signal Name	Pin	Pin	Signal Name
Red	1	2	Green
Blue	3	4	N.C.
GND	5	6	GND
GND	7	8	GND
N.C.	9	10	GND
N.C.	11	12	N.C.
HSYNC	13	14	VSYNC
NC	15		



# BIOS Setup

This chapter describes the different settings available in the Award BIOS that comes with the board. The topics covered in this chapter are as follows:

BIOS Introduction.....	22
BIOS Setup.....	22
Standard CMOS Setup.....	24
Advanced BIOS Features.....	27
Advanced Chipset Features.....	30
Integrated Peripherals.....	33
Power Management Setup.....	36
PNP/PCI Configurations.....	39
PC Health Status.....	40
Frequency/Voltage Control.....	41
Load Fail-Safe Defaults.....	42
Load Optimized Defaults.....	42
Set Supervisor/User Password.....	42
Save & Exit Setup.....	42
Exit Without Saving.....	42

### **BIOS Introduction**

The Award BIOS (Basic Input/Output System) installed in your computer system's ROM supports Intel processors. The BIOS provides critical low-level support for a standard device such as disk drives, serial ports and parallel ports. It also adds virus and password protection as well as special support for detailed fine-tuning of the chipset controlling the entire system.

### **BIOS Setup**

The Award BIOS provides a Setup utility program for specifying the system configurations and settings. The BIOS ROM of the system stores the Setup utility. When you turn on the computer, the Award BIOS is immediately activated. Pressing the <Del> key immediately allows you to enter the Setup utility. If you are a little bit late pressing the <Del> key, POST (Power On Self Test) will continue with its test routines, thus preventing you from invoking the Setup. If you still wish to enter Setup, restart the system by pressing the "Reset" button or simultaneously pressing the <Ctrl>, <Alt> and <Delete> keys. You can also restart by turning the system Off and back On again. The following message will appear on the screen:

```
Press <DEL> to Enter Setup
```

In general, you press the arrow keys to highlight items, <Enter> to select, the <PgUp> and <PgDn> keys to change entries, <F1> for help and <Esc> to quit.

When you enter the Setup utility, the Main Menu screen will appear on the screen. The Main Menu allows you to select from various setup functions and exit choices.

## Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility

Standard CMOS Features	Frequency/Voltage Control
Advanced BIOS Features	Load Fail-Safe Defaults
Advanced Chipset Features	Load Optimized Defaults
Integrated Peripherals	Set Supervisor Password
Power Management Setup	Set User Password
PnP/PCI Configurations	Save & Exit Setup
PC Health Status	Exit Without Saving
ESC : Quit	↑ ↓ → ← : Select Item
F10 : Save & Exit Setup	
Time, Date, Hard Disk Type...	

The section below the setup items of the Main Menu displays the control keys for this menu. At the bottom of the Main Menu just below the control keys section, there is another section, which displays information on the currently highlighted item in the list.

**Note:** *If the system cannot boot after making and saving system changes with Setup, the Award BIOS supports an override to the CMOS settings that resets your system to its default.*

**Warning:** *It is strongly recommended that you avoid making any changes to the chipset defaults. These defaults have been carefully chosen by both Award and your system manufacturer to provide the absolute maximum performance and reliability. Changing the defaults could cause the system to become unstable and crash in some cases.*

**Standard CMOS Setup**

“Standard CMOS Setup” choice allows you to record some basic hardware configurations in your computer system and set the system clock and error handling. If the motherboard is already installed in a working system, you will not need to select this option. You will need to run the Standard CMOS option, however, if you change your system hardware configurations, the onboard battery fails, or the configuration stored in the CMOS memory was lost or damaged.

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility  
Standard CMOS Features

		Item Help
Date (mm:dd:yy)	Wed, Apr 28, 2004	Menu Level >
Time (hh:mm:ss)	00 : 00 : 00	
IDE Channel 0 Master	None	Change the day, month, Year and century
IDE Channel 0 Slave	None	
IDE Channel 1 Master	None	
IDE Channel 1 Slave	None	
Drive A	1.44M, 3.5 in.	
Drive B	None	
Video	EGA/VGA	
Halt On	All Errors	
Base Memory	640K	
Extended Memory	129024K	
Total Memory	130048K	

At the bottom of the menu are the control keys for use on this menu. If you need any help in each item field, you can press the <F1> key. It will display the relevant information to help you. The memory display at the lower right-hand side of the menu is read-only. It will adjust automatically according to the memory changed. The following describes each item of this menu.

**Date**

The date format is:

**Day :** Sun to Sat  
**Month :** 1 to 12  
**Date :** 1 to 31  
**Year :** 1999 to 2099

To set the date, highlight the “Date” field and use the PageUp/ PageDown or +/- keys to set the current time.

### **Time**

The time format is:   **Hour**   : 00 to 23  
                              **Minute** : 00 to 59  
                              **Second** : 00 to 59

To set the time, highlight the “Time” field and use the <PgUp>/ <PgDn> or +/- keys to set the current time.

### **IDE Channel Master/Slave**

The onboard PCI IDE connectors provide Primary and Secondary channels for connecting up to four IDE hard disks or other IDE devices. Each channel can support up to two hard disks; the first is the “Master” and the second is the “Slave”.

Press <Enter> to configure the hard disk. The selections include Auto, Manual, and None. Select ‘Manual’ to define the drive information manually. You will be asked to enter the following items.

**CYLS :**                 Number of cylinders  
**HEAD :**                Number of read/write heads  
**PRECOMP :**           Write precompensation  
**LANDING ZONE :**     Landing zone  
**SECTOR :**            Number of sectors

The Access Mode selections are as follows:

CHS   (HD < 528MB)  
LBA   (HD > 528MB and supports  
       Logical Block Addressing)  
Large   (for MS-DOS only)  
Auto

**Remarks:** The main board supports two serial ATA ports and are represented in this setting as IDE Channel 2 or 3.

### **Drive A / Drive B**

These fields identify the types of floppy disk drive A or drive B that has been installed in the computer. The available specifications are:

360KB   1.2MB   720KB   1.44MB   2.88MB  
5.25 in.   5.25 in.   3.5 in.   3.5 in.   3.5 in.

### **Video**

This field selects the type of video display card installed in your system. You can choose the following video display cards:

EGA/VGA	For EGA, VGA, SEGA, SVGA or PGA monitor adapters. (default)
CGA 40	Power up in 40 column mode.
CGA 80	Power up in 80 column mode.
MONO	For Hercules or MDA adapters.

### **Halt On**

This field determines whether or not the system will halt if an error is detected during power up.

No errors	The system boot will not be halted for any error that may be detected.
All errors	Whenever the BIOS detects a non-fatal error, the system will stop and you will be prompted.
All, But Keyboard	The system boot will not be halted for a keyboard error; it will stop for all other errors
All, But Diskette	The system boot will not be halted for a disk error; it will stop for all other errors.
All, But Disk/Key	The system boot will not be halted for a keyboard or disk error; it will stop for all others.

## Advanced BIOS Features

This section allows you to configure and improve your system and allows you to set up some system features according to your preference.

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility  
Advanced BIOS Features

		ITEM HELP
CPU Feature	Press Enter	
Hard Disk Boot Priority	Press Enter	
Virus Warning	Disabled	Menu Level >
CPU L1 and L2 Cache	Enabled	
Quick Power On Self Test	Enabled	
First Boot Device	Floppy	
Second Boot Device	Hard Disk	
Third Boot Device	CDROM	
Boot Other Device	Enabled	
Swap Floppy Drive	Disabled	
Boot Up Floppy Seek	Disabled	
Boot Up NumLock Status	On	
Gate A20 Option	Fast	
Typematic Rate Setting	Disabled	
Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec)	6	
Typematic Delay (Msec)	250	
Security Option	Setup	
APIC Mode	Enabled	
MPS Version Control for OS	1.4	
OS Select For DRAM>64MB	Non-OS2	
Report No FDD For WIN 95	Yes	
Small Logo (EPA) Show	Enabled	

### CPU Feature

Press Enter to configure the settings relevant to CPU Feature.

### Hard Disk Boot Priority

With the field, there is the option to choose, aside from the hard disks connected, "Bootable add-in Cards" which refers to other external devices.

### Virus Warning

If this option is enabled, an alarm message will be displayed when trying to write on the boot sector or on the partition table on the disk, which is typical of the virus.

### CPU L1 and L2 Cache

Cache memory is additional memory that is much faster than conventional DRAM (system memory). CPUs from 486-type on up contain internal cache memory, and most, but not all, modern PCs have additional (external) cache memory. When the CPU requests data, the system transfers the requested data from the main DRAM into cache memory, for even faster access by the CPU. These items allow you to enable (speed up memory access) or disable the cache function. By default, these items are Enabled.

### **Quick Power On Self Test**

When enabled, this field speeds up the Power On Self Test (POST) after the system is turned on. If it is set to *Enabled*, BIOS will skip some items.

### **First/Second/Third Boot Device**

These fields determine the drive that the system searches first for an operating system. The options available include *Floppy*, *LS120*, *Hard Disk*, *CDROM*, *ZIP100*, *USB-Floppy*, *USB-ZIP*, *USB-CDROM*, *LAN* and *Disable*.

### **Boot Other Device**

These fields allow the system to search for an OS from other devices other than the ones selected in the First/Second/Third Boot Device.

### **Swap Floppy Drive**

This item allows you to determine whether or not to enable Swap Floppy Drive. When enabled, the BIOS swaps floppy drive assignments so that Drive A becomes Drive B, and Drive B becomes Drive A. By default, this field is set to *Disabled*.

### **Boot Up Floppy Seek**

This feature controls whether the BIOS checks for a floppy drive while booting up. If it cannot detect one (either due to improper configuration or its absence), it will flash an error message.

### **Boot Up NumLock Status**

This allows you to activate the NumLock function after you power up the system.

### **Gate A20 Option**

This field allows you to select how Gate A20 is worked. Gate A20 is a device used to address memory above 1 MB.

### **Typematic Rate Setting**

When disabled, continually holding down a key on your keyboard will generate only one instance. When enabled, you can set the two typematic controls listed next. By default, this field is set to *Disabled*.

### **Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec)**

When the typematic rate is enabled, the system registers repeated keystrokes speeds. Settings are from 6 to 30 characters per second.



**Typematic Delay (Msec)**

When the typematic rate is enabled, this item allows you to set the time interval for displaying the first and second characters. By default, this item is set to *250msec*.

**Security Option**

This field allows you to limit access to the System and Setup. The default value is *Setup*. When you select *System*, the system prompts for the User Password every time you boot up. When you select *Setup*, the system always boots up and prompts for the Supervisor Password only when the Setup utility is called up.

**APIC Mode**

APIC stands for Advanced Programmable Interrupt Controller. The default setting is *Enabled*.

**MPS Version Control for OS**

This option specifies the MPS (Multiprocessor Specification) version for your operating system. MPS version 1.4 added extended configuration tables to improve support for multiple PCI bus configurations and improve future expandability. The default setting is *1.4*.

**OS Select for DRAM > 64MB**

This option allows the system to access greater than 64MB of DRAM memory when used with OS/2 that depends on certain BIOS calls to access memory. The default setting is *Non-OS/2*.

**Report No FDD For WIN 95**

If you are using Windows 95/98 without a floppy disk drive, select *Enabled* to release IRQ6. This is required to pass Windows 95/98's SCT test. You should also disable the Onboard FDC Controller in the Integrated Peripherals screen when there's no floppy drive in the system. If you set this feature to *Disabled*, the BIOS will not report the missing floppy drive to Win95/98.

**Small Logo (EPA) Show**

The EPA logo appears at the right side of the monitor screen when the system is boot up. The default setting is *Enabled*.

**Advanced Chipset Features**

This Setup menu controls the configuration of the chipset.

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility  
Advanced Chipset Features

		ITEM HELP
DRAM Timing Selectable	By SPD	Menu Level >
CAS Latency Time	4	
DRAM RAS# to CAS# Delay	4	
DRAM RAS# Precharge	4	
Precharge delay (tRAS)	12	
System Memory Frequency	533MHZ	
SLP_S4# Assertion Width	1 to 2 Sec	
System BIOS Cacheable	Enabled	
Video BIOS Cacheable	Disabled	
Memory Hole at 15M-16M	Disabled	
PCI Express Root Port Func	Press Enter	
** On-Chip VGA Setting **		
PEG/On Chip VGA Control	Auto	
On-Chip Frame Buffer Size	8MB	
DVMT Mode	DVMT	
DVMT/FIXED memory Size	128MB	
Boot Display	CRT+LVDS	
Panel Scaling	Auto	
Panel Number	1024x768 18 bit SC	
Onboard PCU-E LAN	Enable	

**DRAM Timing Selectable**

This option refers to the method by which the DRAM timing is selected. The default is **By SPD**.

**CAS Latency Time**

You can configure CAS latency time in HCLKs as 2 or 2.5 or 3. The system board designer should set the values in this field, depending on the DRAM installed. Do not change the values in this field unless you change specifications of the installed DRAM or the installed CPU.

**DRAM RAS# to CAS# Delay**

This option allows you to insert a delay between the RAS (Row Address Strobe) and CAS (Column Address Strobe) signals. This delay occurs when the SDRAM is written to, read from or refreshed. Reducing the delay improves the performance of the SDRAM.

**DRAM RAS# Precharge**

This option sets the number of cycles required for the RAS to accumulate its charge before the SDRAM refreshes. The default setting for the Active to Precharge Delay is *4*.

**Precharge Delay (tRAS)**

The default setting for the Precharge Delay is *12*.

**System Memory Frequency**

The default setting is *533MHz*.

**SLP\_S4# Assertion Width**

The default setting is *1 to 2 Sec*.

**System BIOS Cacheable**

The setting of *Enabled* allows caching of the system BIOS ROM at F000h-FFFFh, resulting in better system performance. However, if any program writes to this memory area, a system error may result.

**Video BIOS Cacheable**

The Setting *Enabled* allows caching of the video BIOS ROM at C0000h-F7FFFh, resulting in better video performance. However, if any program writes to this memory area, a system error may result.

**Memory Hole At 15M-16M**

In order to improve performance, certain space in memory can be reserved for ISA cards. This memory must be mapped into the memory space below 16 MB. The choices are *Enabled* and *Disabled*.

**On-Chip VGA Setting**

The fields under the On-Chip VGA Setting and their default settings are:

- PEG/On Chip VGA Control: Auto
- On-Chip Frame Buffer Size: 8MB
- DVMT Mode: DVTM
- DVMT/Fixed Memory Size: 128MB
- Boot Display: CRT+LVDS
- Panel Scaling: Auto
- Panel Number: 1024x768 18 bit SC

### **Panel Scaling**

The default setting is *Auto*. The options available include *On* and *Off*.

### **Panel Number**

These fields allow you to select the LCD Panel type. The default values for these ports are:

640x480	18bit SC
800x600	18bit SC
1024x768	18bit SC
1280x1024	18bit DC
1280x768	18bit SC
1400x1050	18bit DC
1600x1200	18bit DC

### **Onboard PCI-E LAN**

By default, this setting is enabled.

### **LAN PXE Option ROM**

By default, this setting is disabled. Other selections include ICH6 Integrated LAN and Marvell PCI-E LAN.

**Integrated Peripherals**

This section sets configurations for your hard disk and other integrated peripherals. The first screen shows three main items for user to select. Once an item selected, a submenu appears. Details follow.

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility  
Integrated Peripherals

OnChip IDE Device	Press Enter	ITEM HELP
Onboard Device	Press Enter	Menu Level >
SuperIO Device	Press Enter	

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility  
**OnChip IDE Device**

IDE HDD Block Mode	Enabled	ITEM HELP
IDE DMA transfer access	Enabled	
On-chip Primary PCI IDE	Enabled	
IDE Primary Master PIO	Auto	Menu Level >
IDE Primary Slave PIO	Auto	
IDE Primary Master UDMA	Auto	
IDE Primary Slave UDMA	Auto	
On-Chip Secondary PCI IDE	Enabled	
IDE Secondary Master PIO	Auto	
IDE Secondary Slave PIO	Auto	
IDE Secondary Master UDMA	Auto	
IDE Secondary Slave UDMA	Auto	
*** On-Chip Serial ATA Setting ***		
On-Chip Serial ATA	Auto	
PATA IDE Mode	Secondary	
SATA port	P0, P2 is Primary	

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility  
**Onboard Device**

USB Controller	Enabled	ITEM HELP
USB 2.0 Controller	Enabled	Menu Level >
USB Keyboard Support	Disabled	
AC97 Audio Select	Auto	

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility  
SuperIO Device

		ITEM HELP
POWER ON Function	BUTTON ONLY	
KB Power ON Password	Enter	
Hot Key power ON	Ctrl-F1	
Onboard FDC Controller	Enabled	
Onboard Serial Port 1	3F8/IRQ4	Menu Level >
Onboard Serial Port 2	2F8/IRQ3	
UART Mode Select	Normal	
RxD , TxD Active	Hi, Lo	
IR Transmission Delay	Disabled	
UR2 Duplex Mode	Half	
Use IR Pins	IR-Rx2Tx2	
PWRON After PWR-Fail	Off	

## IDE HDD Block Mode

This field allows your hard disk controller to use the fast block mode to transfer data to and from your hard disk drive.

## IDE DMA Transfer Access

This field, by default, is enabled

## On-chip Primary PCI IDE Enabled

This field, by default, is enabled

## OnChip Primary/Secondary PCI IDE

The integrated peripheral controller contains an IDE interface with support for two IDE channels. Select *Enabled* to activate each channel separately.

## IDE Primary/Secondary Master/Slave PIO

These fields allow your system hard disk controller to work faster. Rather than have the BIOS issue a series of commands that transfer to or from the disk drive, PIO (Programmed Input/Output) allows the BIOS to communicate with the controller and CPU directly.

The system supports five modes, numbered from 0 (default) to 4, which primarily differ in timing. When Auto is selected, the BIOS will select the best available mode.

## IDE Primary/Secondary Master/Slave UDMA

These fields allow your system to improve disk I/O throughput to 33Mb/sec with the Ultra DMA/33 feature. The options are *Auto* and *Disabled*.

**On-Chip Serial ATA Setting**

The fields under the SATA setting includes SATA Mode (IDE), On-Chip Serial ATA (Auto), PATA IDE Mode (Secondary) and SATA Port (P0, P1, P2 is Primary).

**USB Controller**

The options for this field are *Enabled* and *Disabled*. By default, this field is set to *Enabled*.

**USB 2.0 Controller**

The options for this field are *Enabled* and *Disabled*. By default, this field is set to *Enabled*. In order to use USB 2.0, necessary OS drivers must be installed first. *Please update your system to Windows 2000 SP4 or Windows XP SP2.*

**USB Keyboard Support**

The options for this field are *Enabled* and *Disabled*. By default, this field is set to *Disabled*.

**AC97 Audio Select**

This field, by default, is set to *Auto*.

**Power ON Function**

This field is related to how the system is powered on – such as with the use of conventional power button, keyboard or hot keys. The default is *BUTTON ONLY*.

**KB Power ON Password**

This field allows users to set the password when keyboard power on is the mode of the Power ON function.

**Hot Key Power ON**

This field sets certain keys, also known as hot keys, on the keyboard that can be used as a ‘switch’ to power on the system.

**Onboard FDC Controller**

Select *Enabled* if your system has a floppy disk controller (FDC) installed on the motherboard and you wish to use it. If you install an add-in FDC or the system has no floppy drive, select *Disabled* in this field. This option allows you to select the onboard FDD port.

## Onboard Serial Port

These fields allow you to select the onboard serial ports and their addresses. The default values for these ports are:

Serial Port 1      3F8/IRQ4  
Serial Port 2      2F8/IRQ3

## UART Mode Select

This field determines the UART 2 mode in your computer. The default value is *Normal*. Other options include *IrDA* and *ASKIR*.

## PWRON After PWR-Fail

This field sets the system power status whether *on* or *off* when power returns to the system from a power failure situation.

## Power Management Setup

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility  
Power Management Setup

		ITEM HELP
ACPI Function	Enabled	
ACPI Suspend	S1(POS)	
RUN VGABIOS if S3 Resume	Auto	Menu Level >
Power Management	User Define	
Video Off Method	DPMS	
Video Off In Suspend	Yes	
Suspend Type	Stop Grant	
Modem Use IRQ	3	
Suspend Mode	Disabled	
HDD Power Down	Disabled	
Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN	Instant-Off	
Wake-Up by PCI Card	Disabled	
Power On by Ring	Disabled	
Resume by Alarm	Disabled	
Date (of Month) Alarm	0	
Time (hh:mm:ss) Alarm	0 : 0 : 0	
** Reload Global Timer Events **		
Primary IDE 0	Disabled	
Primary IDE 1	Disabled	
Secondary IDE 0	Disabled	
Secondary IDE 1	Disabled	
FDD, COM, LPT Port	Disabled	
PCI PIRQ[A-D] #	Disabled	

## ACPI Function

Enable this function to support ACPI (Advance Configuration and Power Interface).



**ACPI Suspend**

The default setting of the ACPI Suspend mode is *SI(POS)*.

**RUN VGABIOS if S3 Resume**

The default setting of this field is *Auto*.

**Power Management**

This field allows you to select the type of power saving management modes. There are four selections for Power Management.

Min. Power Saving	Minimum power management
Max. Power Saving	Maximum power management.
User Define	Each of the ranges is from 1 min. to 1hr. Except for HDD Power Down which ranges from 1 min. to 15 min.

**Video Off Method**

This field defines the Video Off features. There are three options.

V/H SYNC + Blank	Default setting, blank the screen and turn off vertical and horizontal scanning.
DPMS	Allows BIOS to control the video display.
Blank Screen	Writes blanks to the video buffer.

**Video Off In Suspend**

When enabled, the video is off in suspend mode.

**Suspend Type**

The default setting for the Suspend Type field is *Stop Grant*.

**Modem Use IRQ**

This field sets the IRQ used by the Modem. By default, the setting is *3*.

**Suspend Mode**

When enabled, and after the set time of system inactivity, all devices except the CPU will be shut off.

**HDD Power Down**

When enabled, and after the set time of system inactivity, the hard disk drive will be powered down while all other devices remain active.

### **Soft-Off by PWRBTN**

This field defines the power-off mode when using an ATX power supply. The *Instant Off* mode allows powering off immediately upon pressing the power button. In the *Delay 4 Sec* mode, the system powers off when the power button is pressed for more than four seconds or enters the suspend mode when pressed for less than 4 seconds.

### **Wake up by PCI Card**

By default, this field is disabled.

### **Power On by Ring**

This field enables or disables the power on of the system through the modem connected to the serial port or LAN.

### **Resume by Alarm**

This field enables or disables the resumption of the system operation. When enabled, the user is allowed to set the *Date* and *Time*.

### **Reload Global Timer Events**

The HDD, FDD, COM, LPT Ports, and PCI PIRQ are I/O events that can prevent the system from entering a power saving mode or can awaken the system from such a mode. When an I/O device wants to gain the attention of the operating system, it signals this by causing an IRQ to occur. When the operating system is ready to respond to the request, it interrupts itself and performs the service.

## PNP/PCI Configurations

This option configures the PCI bus system. All PCI bus systems on the system use INT#, thus all installed PCI cards must be set to this value.

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility  
PnP/PCI Configurations

Init Display First	PCI Slot	ITEM HELP
Reset Configuration Data	Disabled	
Resources Controlled By	Auto (ESCD)	Menu Level
IRQ Resources	Press Enter	Select Yes if you are using a Plug and Play capable operating system Select No if you need the BIOS to configure non-boot devices
PCI/VGA Palette Snoop	Disabled	
INT Pin 1 Assignment	Auto	
INT Pin 2 Assignment	Auto	
INT Pin 3 Assignment	Auto	
INT Pin 4 Assignment	Auto	
INT Pin 5 Assignment	Auto	
INT Pin 6 Assignment	Auto	
INT Pin 7 Assignment	Auto	
INT Pin 8 Assignment	Auto	
**PCI Express relative items**		
Maximum Payload Size	4096	

### Init Display First

The default setting is *PCI Card*.

### Reset Configuration Data

This field allows you to determine whether to reset the configuration data or not. The default value is *Disabled*.

### Resources Controlled by

This PnP BIOS can configure all of the boot and compatible devices with the use of a PnP operating system such as Windows 95.

### PCI/VGA Palette Snoop

Some non-standard VGA display cards may not show colors properly. This field allows you to set whether or not MPEG ISA/VESA VGA cards can work with PCI/VGA. When this field is enabled, a PCI/VGA can work with an MPEG ISA/VESA VGA card. When this field is disabled, a PCI/VGA cannot work with an MPEG ISA/VESA card.

### Maximum Payload Size

The default setting of the PCI Express Maximum Payload Size is 4096.

## PC Health Status

This section shows the parameters in determining the PC Health Status. These parameters include temperatures, fan speeds and voltages.

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility  
PC Health Status

		ITEM HELP
Shutdown Temperature	Disabled	Menu Level >
CPU Warning Temperature	Disabled	
Current System Temp	45°C/113°F	
Current CPU TEMP	45°C/113°F	
System FAN Speed	5400 RPM	
CPU FAN Speed	5400 RPM	
Vcore(V)	1.02 V	
12 V	1.32 V	
1.8V	1.8V	
+5V	5.25 V	
3.3V	3.37V	
VBAT (V)	3.21 V	
5VSB(V)	5.67 V	
Smart Fan2 Temperature	Disabled	
Smart Fan2 Tolerance Value	5	

### CPU Warning Temperature

This field allows the user to set the temperature so that when the temperature is reached, the system sounds a warning. This function can help prevent damage to the system that is caused by overheating.

### Temperatures/Voltages

These fields are the parameters of the hardware monitoring function feature of the motherboard. The values are read-only values as monitored by the system and show the PC health status.

### Shutdown Temperature

This field allows the user to set the temperature by which the system automatically shuts down once the threshold temperature is reached. This function can help prevent damage to the system that is caused by overheating.

### Smart Fan2 Temperature

This field enables or disables the smart fan feature. At a certain temperature, the fan starts turning. Once the temperature drops to a certain level, it stops turning again.

### Smart Fan Tolerance Value

The default value is 5.

## Frequency/Voltage Control

This section shows the user how to configure the processor frequency.

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility  
Frequency/Voltage Control

Auto Detect PCI Clk	Disabled	ITEM HELP
Spread Spectrum Modulated	Disabled	Menu Level >

### Auto Detect PCI Clk

This field enables or disables the auto detection of the PCI clock.

### Spread Spectrum Modulated

This field sets the value of the spread spectrum. The default setting is *Disabled*. This field is for CE testing use only.

### **Load Fail-Safe Defaults**

This option allows you to load the troubleshooting default values permanently stored in the BIOS ROM. These default settings are non-optimal and disable all high-performance features.

### **Load Optimized Defaults**

This option allows you to load the default values to your system configuration. These default settings are optimal and enable all high performance features.

### **Set Supervisor Password**

These two options set the system password. Supervisor Password sets a password that will be used to protect the system and Setup utility. User Password sets a password that will be used exclusively on the system. To specify a password, highlight the type you want and press <Enter>. The Enter Password: message prompts on the screen. Type the password, up to eight characters in length, and press <Enter>. The system confirms your password by asking you to type it again. After setting a password, the screen automatically returns to the main screen.

To disable a password, just press the <Enter> key when you are prompted to enter the password. A message will confirm the password to be disabled. Once the password is disabled, the system will boot and you can enter Setup freely.

### **Save & Exit Setup**

This option allows you to determine whether or not to accept the modifications. If you type “Y”, you will quit the setup utility and save all changes into the CMOS memory. If you type “N”, you will return to Setup utility.

### **Exit Without Saving**

Select this option to exit the Setup utility without saving the changes you have made in this session. Typing “Y” will quit the Setup utility without saving the modifications. Typing “N” will return you to Setup utility.

## Drivers Installation

This section describes the installation procedures for software and drivers under the Windows 2000 and Windows XP. The software and drivers are included with the motherboard. If you find the items missing, please contact the vendor where you made the purchase. The contents of this section include the following:

Intel Chipset Software Intallation Utility.....	44
VGA Drivers Installation.....	46
AC97 Codec Audio Driver Installation.....	48
LAN Drivers Installation .....	49

### **IMPORTANT NOTE:**

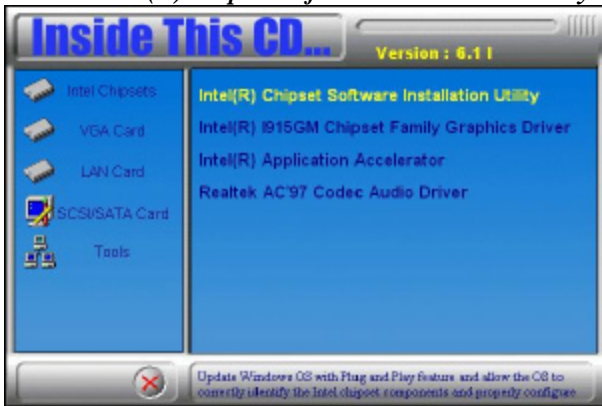
After installing your Windows operating system (Windows 2000/ XP), you must install first the Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility before proceeding with the drivers installation.

### Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility

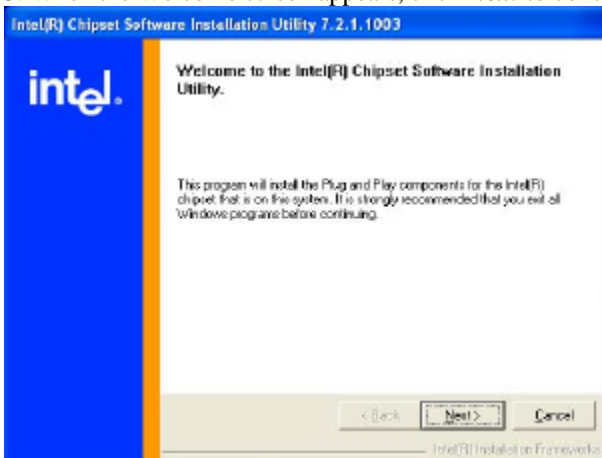
---

The Intel Chipset Drivers should be installed first before the software drivers to enable Plug & Play INF support for Intel chipset components. Follow the instructions below to complete the installation under Windows 2000/XP.

1. Insert the CD that comes with the board. Click *Intel Chipsets* and then *Intel(R) 915GM Chipset Drivers*.
2. Click *Intel(R) Chipset Software Installation Utility*.

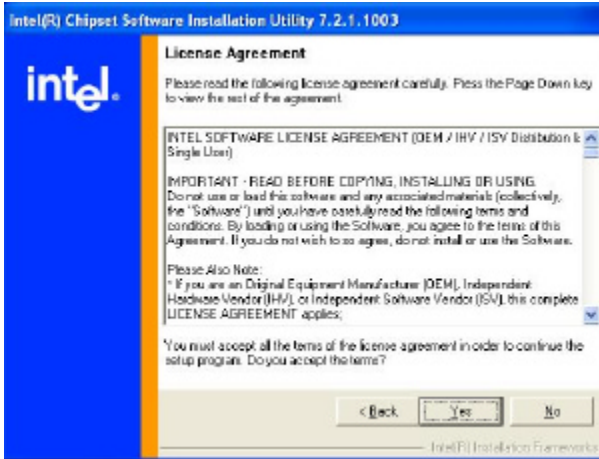


3. When the Welcome screen appears, click *Next* to continue.

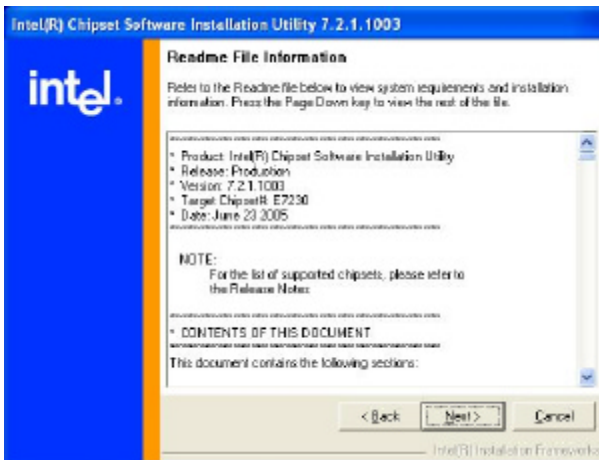




4. Click **Yes** to accept the software license agreement and proceed with the installation process.



5. On Readme Information screen, click **Next** to continue the installation.



6. The Setup process is now complete. Click **Finish** to restart the computer and for changes to take effect. When the computer has restarted, the system will be able to find some devices. Restart your computer when prompted.

### VGA Drivers Installation

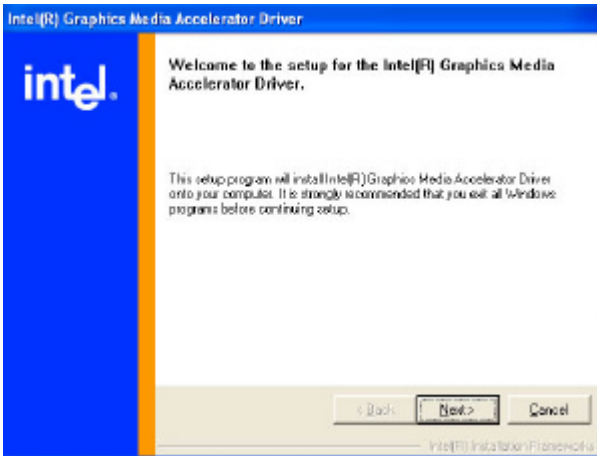
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To install the VGA drivers, follow the steps below to proceed with the installation.

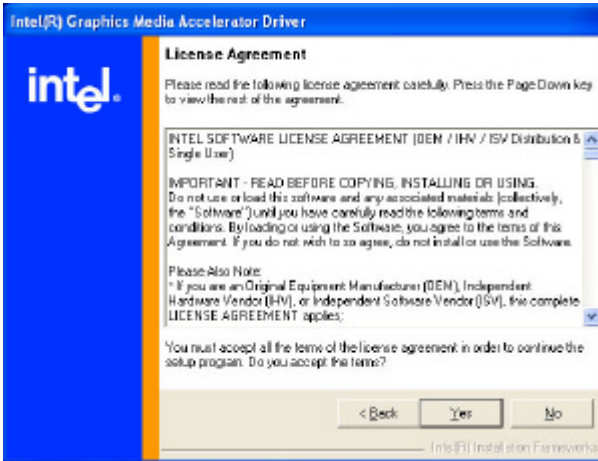
1. Insert the CD that comes with the motherboard. Click *Intel Chipsets* and then *Intel(R) 915GM Chipset Drivers*.
2. Click *Intel(R) 915GM Chipset Family Graphics Driver*.



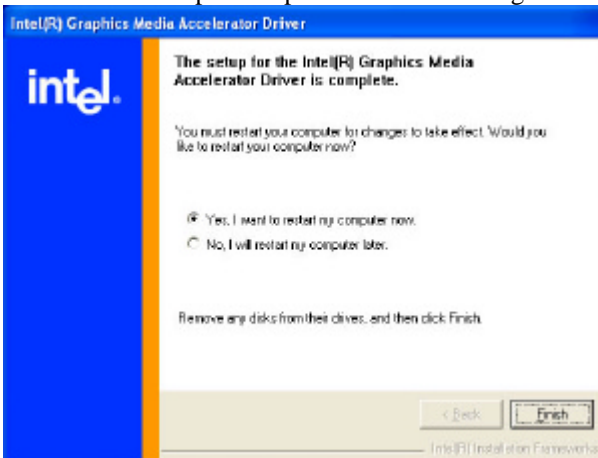
3. When the Welcome screen appears, click *Next* to continue.



4. Click **Yes** to agree with the license agreement and continue the installation.



5. Restart the computer as prompted and for changes to take effect.



**IMPORTANT NOTE:**

*When you have restarted the computer, your computer screen will be blank. At this point, press CTRL-ALT-F1 simultaneously, if you are using CRT monitor. If you are using LVDS LCD panel, press CTRL-ALT-F3. If you are using DVI monitor, press CTRL-ALT-F4.*

## **AC97 Codec Audio Driver Installation**

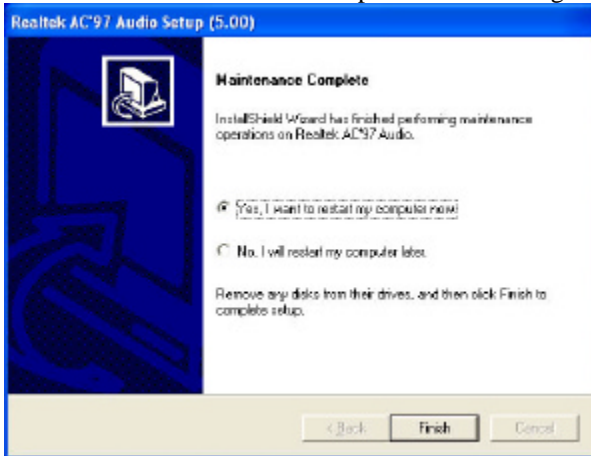
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Follow the steps below to install the Realtek AC97 Codec Audio Drivers.

1. Insert the CD that comes with the motherboard. Click *Intel Chipsets* and then *Intel(R) 915GM Chipset Drivers*.
2. Click *Realtek AC'97 Codec Audio Driver*.



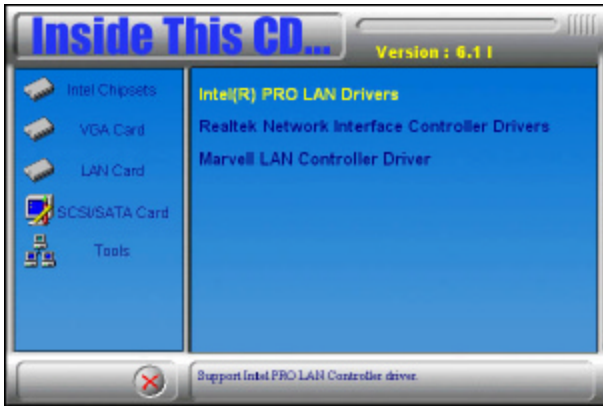
3. Click *Finish* to restart the computer and for changes to take effect. .



## LAN Drivers Installation

Follow the steps below to complete the installation of the Intel PRO LAN drivers.

1. Insert the CD that comes with the motherboard. Click **LAN Card** and then **Intel(R) PRO LAN Drivers**.



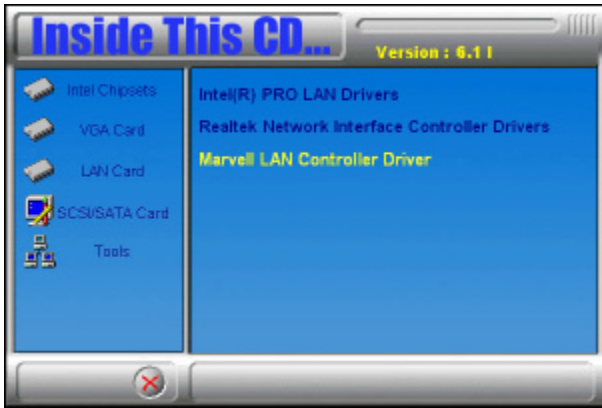
2. Click **Install Base Software** to continue.



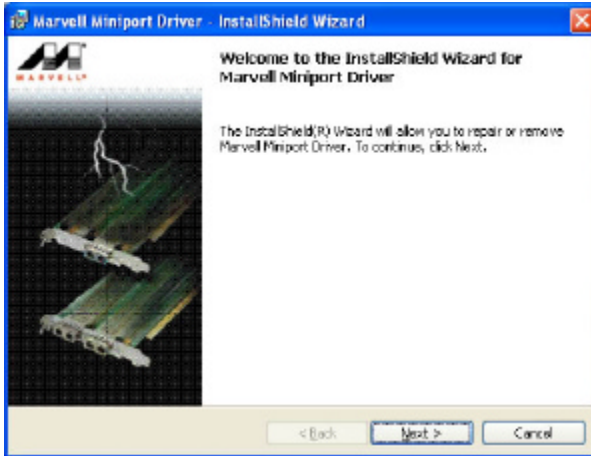
3. When prompted, please to restart the computer for new settings to take effect.

Follow the steps below to install the **Marvell Gigabit LAN** drivers.

1. Insert the CD that comes with the motherboard. Click **LAN Card** and then **Marvell LAN Controller Driver**.



2. Click Next when the InstallShield Wizard welcome screen appears.



3. Click Next to agree with the license agreement.

4. Click Next when the Readme Information screen appears to proceed with the drives installation process.

5. When the Installation is complete, click Finish for the changes to take effect.

## Appendix

### A. I/O Port Address Map

Each peripheral device in the system is assigned a set of I/O port addresses which also becomes the identity of the device. The following table lists the I/O port addresses used.

Address	Device Description
000h - 01Fh	DMA Controller #1
020h - 03Fh	Interrupt Controller #1
040h - 05Fh	Timer
060h - 06Fh	Keyboard Controller
070h - 07Fh	Real Time Clock, NMI
080h - 09Fh	DMA Page Register
0A0h - 0BFh	Interrupt Controller #2
0C0h - 0DFh	DMA Controller #2
0F0h	Clear Math Coprocessor Busy Signal
0F1h	Reset Math Coprocessor
1F0h - 1F7h	IDE Interface
278 - 27F	Parallel Port #2(LPT2)
2F8h - 2FFh	Serial Port #2(COM2)
2B0 - 2DF	Graphics adapter Controller
378h - 3FFh	Parallel Port #1(LPT1)
360 - 36F	Network Ports
3B0 - 3BF	Monochrome & Printer adapter
3C0 - 3CF	EGA adapter
3D0 - 3DF	CGA adapter
3F0h - 3F7h	Floppy Disk Controller
3F8h - 3FFh	Serial Port #1(COM1)

## **B. Interrupt Request Lines (IRQ)**

Peripheral devices use interrupt request lines to notify CPU for the service required. The following table shows the IRQ used by the devices on board.

<b>Level</b>	<b>Function</b>
IRQ0	System Timer Output
IRQ1	Keyboard
IRQ2	Interrupt Cascade
IRQ3	Serial Port #2
IRQ4	Serial Port #1
IRQ5	Reserved
IRQ6	Floppy Disk Controller
IRQ7	Parallel Port #1
IRQ8	Real Time Clock
IRQ9	Reserved
IRQ10	Reserved
IRQ11	Reserved
IRQ12	PS/2 Mouse
IRQ13	80287
IRQ14	Primary IDE
IRQ15	Secondary IDE



## C. Watchdog Timer Configuration

The WDT is used to generate a variety of output signals after a user programmable count. The WDT is suitable for use in the prevention of system lock-up, such as when software becomes trapped in a deadlock. Under these sorts of circumstances, the timer will count to zero and the selected outputs will be driven. Under normal circumstance, the user will restart the WDT at regular intervals before the timer counts to zero.

### SAMPLE CODE:

```

=====
//
// THIS CODE AND INFORMATION IS PROVIDED "AS IS" WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY
// KIND, EITHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE
// IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND/OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR
// PURPOSE.
//
=====
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "W627EHF.H"
=====
int main (int argc, char *argv[]);
void copyright(void);
void EnableWDT(int);
void DisableWDT(void);
=====
int main (int argc, char *argv[])
{
    unsigned char bBuf;
    unsigned char bTime;
    char **endptr;

    copyright();

    if (argc != 2)
    {
        printf(" Parameter incorrect!!\n");
        return 1;
    }

    if (!Init_W627EHF() == 0)
    {
        printf(" Winbond 83627HF is not detected, program abort.\n");
        return 1;
    }

    bTime = strtol (argv[1], endptr, 10);
    printf("System will reset after %d seconds\n", bTime);

    EnableWDT(bTime);

    return 0;
}
=====

```

```
void copyright(void)
{
    printf("\n===== Winbond 83627EHF Watch Timer Tester (AUTO DETECT) =====\n")
        "      Usage : W627E_WD reset_time\n"
        "      Ex : W627E_WD 3 => reset system after 3 second\n"
        "      W627E_WD 0 => disable watch dog timer\n");
}
//=====
void EnableWDT(int interval)
{
    unsigned char bBuf;

    bBuf = Get_W627EHF_Reg( 0x2D);
    bBuf &= (!0x01);
    Set_W627EHF_Reg( 0x2D, bBuf);           //Enable WDTO

    Set_W627EHF_LD( 0x08);                 //switch to logic device 8
    Set_W627EHF_Reg( 0x30, 0x01);         //enable timer

    bBuf = Get_W627EHF_Reg( 0xF5);
    bBuf &= (!0x08);
    Set_W627EHF_Reg( 0xF5, bBuf);         //count mode is second

    Set_W627EHF_Reg( 0xF6, interval);     //set timer
}
//=====
void DisableWDT(void)
{
    Set_W627EHF_LD(0x08);                 //switch to logic device 8
    Set_W627EHF_Reg(0xF6, 0x00);         //clear watchdog timer
    Set_W627EHF_Reg(0x30, 0x00);         //watchdog disabled
}
//=====

//=====
//
// THIS CODE AND INFORMATION IS PROVIDED "AS IS" WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY
// KIND, EITHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE
// IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND/OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR
// PURPOSE.
//
//=====
#include "W627EHF.H"
#include <dos.h>
//=====
unsigned int W627EHF_BASE;
void Unlock_W627EHF (void);
void Lock_W627EHF (void);
//=====
unsigned int Init_W627EHF(void)
{
    unsigned int result;
    unsigned char ucDid;

    W627EHF_BASE = 0x2E;
    result = W627EHF_BASE;

    ucDid = Get_W627EHF_Reg(0x20);
    if (ucDid == 0x88)
    {
        goto Init_Finish;    }
}
```

```

W627EHF_BASE = 0x4E;
result = W627EHF_BASE;
ucDid = Get_W627EHF_Reg(0x20);
if (ucDid == 0x88)
{
    goto Init_Finish;
}

W627EHF_BASE = 0x00;
result = W627EHF_BASE;

Init_Finish:
    return (result);
}
//=====
void Unlock_W627EHF (void)
{
    outputb(W627EHF_INDEX_PORT, W627EHF_UNLOCK);
    outputb(W627EHF_INDEX_PORT, W627EHF_UNLOCK);
}
//=====
void Lock_W627EHF (void)
{
    outputb(W627EHF_INDEX_PORT, W627EHF_LOCK);
}
//=====
void Set_W627EHF_LD( unsigned char LD)
{
    Unlock_W627EHF();
    outputb(W627EHF_INDEX_PORT, W627EHF_REG_LD);
    outputb(W627EHF_DATA_PORT, LD);
    Lock_W627EHF();
}
//=====
void Set_W627EHF_Reg( unsigned char REG, unsigned char DATA)
{
    Unlock_W627EHF();
    outputb(W627EHF_INDEX_PORT, REG);
    outputb(W627EHF_DATA_PORT, DATA);
    Lock_W627EHF();
}
//=====
unsigned char Get_W627EHF_Reg(unsigned char REG)
{
    unsigned char Result;
    Unlock_W627EHF();
    outputb(W627EHF_INDEX_PORT, REG);
    Result = inportb(W627EHF_DATA_PORT);
    Lock_W627EHF();
    return Result;
}
//=====

```

```
//=====
//
// THIS CODE AND INFORMATION IS PROVIDED "AS IS" WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY
// KIND, EITHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE
// IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND/OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR
// PURPOSE.
//
//=====
#ifndef __W627EHF_H
#define __W627EHF_H          1
//=====
#define W627EHF_INDEX_PORT (W627EHF_BASE)
#define W627EHF_DATA_PORT (W627EHF_BASE+1)
//=====
#define W627EHF_REG_LD      0x07
//=====
#define W627EHF_UNLOCK     0x87
#define W627EHF_LOCK       0xAA
//=====
unsigned int Init_W627EHF(void);
void Set_W627EHF_LD( unsigned char);
void Set_W627EHF_Reg( unsigned char, unsigned char);
unsigned char Get_W627EHF_Reg( unsigned char);
//=====
#endif __W627EHF_H
```